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Fundamentals of Rotating Machines Formulas

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List of 17 Fundamentals of Rotating Machines Formulas

Fundamentals of Rotating Machines

1) Degree of Reaction for Compressor

$$\text{fx } R = \frac{\Delta E_{\text{rotor increase}}}{\Delta E_{\text{stage increase}}}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(a870788d6ed9b8fd294b7654a8c8526b_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 0.25 = \frac{3\text{KJ}}{12\text{KJ}}$$

2) Degree of Reaction for Turbine

$$\text{fx } R = \frac{\Delta E_{\text{rotor drop}}}{\Delta E_{\text{stage drop}}}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(c50c8b7b2cc2cf9ff925edec0ee94c0d_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 0.875 = \frac{14\text{KJ}}{16\text{KJ}}$$

3) Impeller Outlet Diameter

$$\text{fx } D_2 = \frac{60 \cdot v}{\pi \cdot N}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(f60b7a900783ac3fd531bfd9c111be6d_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 19.5883\text{m} = \frac{60 \cdot 60\text{m/s}}{\pi \cdot 58.5}$$



4) Isentropic Efficiency of Compression Machine

$$\text{fx } \eta_{\text{isen}} = \frac{W_{\text{isen in}}}{W_{\text{in}}}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(cbe80b694ebd74fcfe136a095b608235_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 0.5 = \frac{124\text{KJ}}{248\text{KJ}}$$

5) Isentropic Efficiency of Expansion Machine

$$\text{fx } \eta_{\text{isen turbine}} = \frac{W_{\text{out}}}{W_{\text{isen out}}}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(3e2231b1ad3ca8da8658228c00dd08e0_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 0.375 = \frac{45\text{KJ}}{120\text{KJ}}$$


6) Mean Diameter of Impeller

$$\text{fx } D_m = \sqrt{\frac{D_1^2 + D_o^2}{2}}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(0d5ec72f61334709c3fc9450209b754f_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 2.829311\text{m} = \sqrt{\frac{(0.1\text{m})^2 + (4\text{m})^2}{2}}$$




7) Tip Velocity of Impeller given Hub Diameter 

$$fx \quad v = \pi \cdot N \cdot \sqrt{\frac{D_1^2 + D_o^2}{2}}$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 519.9797\text{m/s} = \pi \cdot 58.5 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{(0.1\text{m})^2 + (4\text{m})^2}{2}}$$

8) Tip Velocity of Impeller given Mean Diameter 

$$fx \quad v = \pi \cdot D_m \cdot N$$

Open Calculator 


$$ex \quad 2646.478\text{m/s} = \pi \cdot 14.4\text{m} \cdot 58.5$$

9) Work Done by Roots Blower 

$$fx \quad w = 4 \cdot V_T \cdot (P_f - P_i)$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 3.38436\text{KJ} = 4 \cdot 63\text{m}^3 \cdot (18.43\text{Pa} - 5\text{Pa})$$

General Fluid Dynamics 10) Angular Moment of Momentum at Exit 

$$fx \quad L = c_{t2} \cdot r_1$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 65.52\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{s} = 8.19\text{m/s} \cdot 8\text{m}$$




11) Angular Moment of Momentum at Inlet 

$$fx \quad \mathbf{L} = c_{t1} \cdot r_1$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(e2376d476d06eb31946dc01a69a4403a_img.jpg\)](#)

$$ex \quad 112kg \cdot m^2/s = 14m/s \cdot 8m$$

12) Energy Transfer due to Centrifugal Effect 

$$fx \quad \mathbf{E} = \frac{u_1^2 - u_2^2}{2}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(0b5e7e25e8775f7e7e80906ada4f0021_img.jpg\)](#)


$$ex \quad 1.19KJ = \frac{(52m/s)^2 - (18m/s)^2}{2}$$

13) Energy Transfer due to Change of Absolute Kinetic Energy of Fluid 

$$fx \quad \mathbf{E} = \frac{c_1^2 - c_2^2}{2}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(bd3b31712ad9bab5a241210fa6925cdd_img.jpg\)](#)

$$ex \quad 6.2445KJ = \frac{(125m/s)^2 - (56m/s)^2}{2}$$


14) Energy Transfer due to Change of Relative Kinetic Energy of Fluid 

$$fx \quad \mathbf{E} = \frac{w_2^2 - w_1^2}{2}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(7bc43b319a082987e20f7bf78f4bab80_img.jpg\)](#)

$$ex \quad 3.456KJ = \frac{(96m/s)^2 - (48m/s)^2}{2}$$



15) Peripheral Velocity of Blade at Entry corresponding to Diameter 

$$fx \quad u_1 = \frac{\pi \cdot D \cdot N}{60}$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 30.63053m/s = \frac{\pi \cdot 10m \cdot 58.5}{60}$$

16) Peripheral Velocity of Blade at Exit corresponding to Diameter 

$$fx \quad u_2 = \frac{\pi \cdot D \cdot N}{60}$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 30.63053m/s = \frac{\pi \cdot 10m \cdot 58.5}{60}$$

17) Torque Produced 

$$fx \quad \tau = C_{t1} \cdot r_1 - C_{t2} \cdot r_2$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 5.53N^*m = 14m/s \cdot 8m - 8.19m/s \cdot 13m$$



Variables Used








- C_1 Absolute Velocity at Inlet (Meter per Second)
- C_2 Absolute Velocity at Exit (Meter per Second)
- C_{t1} Tangential Velocity at Inlet (Meter per Second)
- C_{t2} Tangential Velocity at Exit (Meter per Second)
- D Diameter (Meter)
- D_1 Diameter of Impeller at Inlet (Meter)
- D_2 Diameter of Impeller at Outlet (Meter)
- D_m Mean Diameter of Impeller (Meter)
- D_o Hub Diameter of Impeller (Meter)
- E Energy Transfer (Kilojoule)
- L Angular Momentum (Kilogram Square Meter per Second)
- N Speed in RPM
- P_f Final Pressure of System (Pascal)
- P_i Initial Pressure of System (Pascal)
- R Degree of Reaction
- r_1 Radius 1 (Meter)
- r_2 Radius 2 (Meter)
- u_1 Peripheral Velocity at Inlet (Meter per Second)
- u_2 Peripheral Velocity at Exit (Meter per Second)
- v Velocity (Meter per Second)
- V_T Volume (Cubic Meter)



- **W** Work Done per Cycle (Kilojoule)
- **W₁** Relative Velocity at Inlet (Meter per Second)
- **W₂** Relative Velocity at Exit (Meter per Second)
- **W_{in}** Actual Work Input (Kilojoule)
- **W_{isen in}** Isentropic Work Input (Kilojoule)
- **W_{isen out}** Isentropic Work Output (Kilojoule)
- **W_{out}** Actual Work Output (Kilojoule)
- **ΔE_{rotor drop}** Enthalpy Drop in Rotor (Kilojoule)
- **ΔE_{rotor increase}** Enthalpy Increase in Rotor (Kilojoule)
- **ΔE_{stage drop}** Enthalpy Drop in Stage (Kilojoule)
- **ΔE_{stage increase}** Enthalpy Increase in Stage (Kilojoule)
- **η_{isen turbine}** Isentropic Efficiency of Turbine
- **η_{isen}** Isentropic Efficiency of Compressor
- **T** Torque (Newton Meter)







Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- **Constant:** **pi**, 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
Archimedes' constant
- **Function:** **sqrt**, sqrt(Number)
Square root function
- **Measurement:** **Length** in Meter (m)
Length Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Volume** in Cubic Meter (m³)
Volume Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Pressure** in Pascal (Pa)
Pressure Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Speed** in Meter per Second (m/s)
Speed Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Energy** in Kilojoule (KJ)
Energy Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Torque** in Newton Meter (N*m)
Torque Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Angular Momentum** in Kilogram Square Meter per Second (kg*m²/s)
Angular Momentum Unit Conversion 



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