



# **Seepage Analysis Formulas**

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## **List of 52 Seepage Analysis Formulas**

## Seepage Analysis 🗗

# Factor of Steady Seepage Along the Slope

1) Angle of Inclination given Saturated Unit Weight

$$\mathbf{f} \mathbf{z} = a \cos \left( rac{\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{prism}}}{\gamma \cdot \mathbf{z} \cdot \mathbf{b}} 
ight)$$

Open Calculator 🗗

$$\boxed{ 52.82234^{\circ} = a \cos \bigg( \frac{0.62 \mathrm{kN}}{18 \mathrm{kN/m^3 \cdot 3m \cdot 0.019m}} \bigg) }$$

2) Angle of Inclination given Shear Strength and Submerged Unit Weight

$$\mathbf{x} = a an \left( rac{\gamma \cdot an((\phi))}{\gamma_{ ext{sat}} \cdot \left( rac{\mathrm{T_f}}{\zeta_{ ext{soil}}} 
ight)} 
ight)$$

Open Calculator

$$oxed{ex} 80.07088^\circ = a an \Bigg( rac{5.01 ext{N/m}^3 \cdot an((46^\circ))}{32.24 ext{N/m}^3 \cdot igg( rac{20 ext{Pa}}{0.71 ext{kN/m}^2} igg)} \Bigg)$$

3) Angle of Inclination given Vertical Stress and Saturated Unit Weight

$$\mathbf{f}\mathbf{x} = a\cos\!\left(rac{\sigma_{\mathrm{z}}}{\gamma\cdot\mathbf{z}}
ight)$$

Open Calculator

$$\boxed{ \textbf{ex} 89.99873^{\circ} = a \cos \bigg( \frac{1.2 \text{Pa}}{18 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot 3 \text{m}} \bigg) }$$

4) Depth of Prism given Effective Normal Stress

$$\mathbf{z} = rac{\sigma^{'}}{\left(\gamma_{\mathrm{saturated}} - \gamma_{\mathrm{water}}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(rac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}
ight)
ight)^{2}}$$



#### 5) Depth of Prism given Normal Stress and Saturated Unit Weight

fx 
$$z = rac{\sigma_n}{\gamma_{saturated} \cdot \left( \cos \left( rac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180} 
ight) 
ight)^2}$$

Open Calculator

### 6) Depth of Prism given Saturated Unit Weight

$$\boxed{z = \frac{W_{prism}}{\gamma_{sat} \cdot b \cdot cos\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right)}}$$

Open Calculator

## 7) Depth of Prism given Shear Stress and Saturated Unit Weight

$$\mathbf{z} = rac{\zeta_{
m soil}}{\gamma_{
m saturated} \cdot \cos\left(rac{\mathrm{i} \cdot \pi}{180}
ight) \cdot \sin\left(rac{\mathrm{i} \cdot \pi}{180}
ight)}$$

Open Calculator

#### 8) Depth of Prism given Submerged Unit Weight and Effective Normal Stress

$$z = \frac{\sigma^{'}}{y_S \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2}$$

Open Calculator

#### 9) Depth of Prism given Upward Force

$$z = rac{\sigma_n - F_u}{y_S \cdot \left(\cos\left(rac{i \cdot \pi}{180}
ight)
ight)^2}$$



#### 10) Depth of Prism given Upward Force due to Seepage Water 🗗

 $\boxed{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{z} = \frac{\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{u}}}{\gamma_{\mathrm{water}} \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2}$ 

Open Calculator

$$= \frac{52.89 \text{kN/m}^2}{9.81 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{190}\right)\right)^2}$$

### 11) Depth of Prism given Vertical Stress and Saturated Unit Weight

 $\mathbf{x} = rac{\sigma_{\mathrm{zkp}}}{\gamma_{\mathrm{saturated}} \cdot \cos\left(rac{\mathrm{i} \cdot \pi}{180}
ight)}$ 

Open Calculator

## 12) Saturated Unit Weight given Effective Normal Stress

 $\boxed{\kappa} \left[ \gamma_{\mathrm{saturated}} = \gamma_{\mathrm{water}} + \left( \frac{\sigma^{'}}{z \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2} \right) \right]$ 

Open Calculator 🗗

$$\boxed{ 18.03646 kN/m^3 = 9.81 kN/m^3 + \left( \frac{24.67 kN/m^2}{3m \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{64^3 \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2} \right) }$$

## 13) Saturated Unit Weight given Factor of Safety

 $\boxed{\hat{\kappa}} \gamma_{saturated} = \frac{y_S \cdot tan\left(\frac{\Phi_i \cdot \pi}{180}\right)}{F_s \cdot tan\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right)}$ 

Open Calculator

### 14) Saturated Unit Weight given Normal Stress Component

 $\gamma_{
m saturated} = rac{\sigma_{
m n}}{z\cdot \left(\cos\left(rac{{
m i}\cdot\pi}{180}
ight)
ight)^2}$ 

$$\boxed{25.79647 kN/m^3 = \frac{77.36 kN/m^2}{3m \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{64^{\circ} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2}}$$





#### 15) Saturated Unit Weight given Shear Strength

 $\gamma_{
m saturated} = rac{y_{
m S} \cdot \zeta_{
m soil} \cdot an\left(rac{\Phi_{
m i} \cdot \pi}{180}
ight)}{ au_{
m f} \cdot an\left(rac{{
m i} \cdot \pi}{180}
ight)}$ 

Open Calculator

$$\boxed{\text{ex} 0.934368 kN/m^3 = \frac{5.00 kN/m^3 \cdot 0.71 kN/m^2 \cdot tan\left(\frac{82.87^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right)}{4.92 kN/m^2 \cdot tan\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right)}}$$

## 16) Saturated Unit Weight given Shear Stress Component

 $\gamma_{
m saturated} = rac{\zeta_{
m soil}}{z \cdot \cos \left(rac{{
m i} \cdot \pi}{180}
ight) \cdot \sin \left(rac{{
m i} \cdot \pi}{180}
ight)}$ 

Open Calculator

$$\boxed{\text{ex}} \boxed{12.14262 \text{kN/m}^3 = \frac{0.71 \text{kN/m}^2}{3 \text{m} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right)}}$$

#### 17) Saturated Unit Weight given Vertical Stress on Prism

 $\gamma_{
m saturated} = rac{\sigma_{
m zkp}}{z \cdot \cos \left(rac{i \cdot \pi}{180}
ight)}$ 

Open Calculator

$$ext{ex} 17.67002 ext{kN/m}^3 = rac{53 ext{kPa}}{3 ext{m} \cdot \cos \left( rac{64^{\circ} \cdot \pi}{180} 
ight)}$$

### 18) Saturated Unit Weight given Weight of Soil Prism

 $\gamma_{
m saturated} = rac{W_{
m prism}}{z \cdot b \cdot \cos \left(rac{i \cdot \pi}{180}
ight)}$ 



## Steady State Seepage Analysis Along The Slopes 🗗

#### 19) Cohesion of Soil for Steady Seepage along Slope

 $C = h_c \cdot \left( \left( \gamma_{saturated} \cdot \tan \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) \right)^2 \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) \right)^2 \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2 \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) \right) + \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{$ 

$$C = h_c \cdot \left( \left( \gamma_{\text{saturated}} \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{180} \right) \right) \right) - \left( y_S \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\pi}{180} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{180} \right) \right) \right)$$
ex

 $0.16332 \text{kPa} = 1.01 \text{m} \cdot \left( \left(11.89 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot \tan \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2\right) - \left(5.00 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot \tan \left(\frac{46^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2 \right) - \left(5.00 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot \tan \left(\frac{46^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2 + \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot$ 

## 20) Cohesion of Soil given Saturated Unit Weight 🚰

 $C = \left(F_s \cdot \gamma_{saturated} \cdot z \cdot \cos\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right) - \left(y_S \cdot z \cdot \tan\left(\frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2\right)$ 

$$1.736521 \text{kPa} = \left(2.8 \cdot 11.89 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot 3 \text{m} \cdot \cos \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right) - \left(5.00 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot 3 \text{m} \cdot \tan \left(\frac{46^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right) - \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) = \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) = \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) = \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) = \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) = \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) = \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) = \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) = \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) = \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) = \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) = \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) = \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right)$$

## 21) Critical Depth given Saturated Unit Weight

$$\mathbf{h}_{c} = \frac{C}{\left(\gamma_{saturated} \cdot tan\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(cos\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^{2}\right) - \left(y_{S} \cdot tan\left(\frac{\varphi \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(cos\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^{2}\right)}\right)}$$

$$7.853906 \text{m} = \frac{1.27 \text{kPa}}{\left(11.89 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot \tan\left(\frac{64^{\circ} \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{64^{\circ} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2\right) - \left(5.00 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot \tan\left(\frac{46^{\circ} \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{64^{\circ} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2\right)}$$

### 22) Effective Normal Stress given Factor of Safety

$$\sigma' = rac{F_{
m S}}{rac{ an\left(rac{\Phi_{
m i}\cdot\pi}{180}
ight)}{\zeta_{
m soil}}}$$

$$\boxed{ 2.8 \\ \frac{1}{1000} \frac{2.8 - 2.8}{1000} }$$





## 23) Effective Normal Stress given Saturated Unit Weight 🗗

$$\sigma^{'} = \left( \left( \gamma_{\rm saturated} - \gamma_{\rm water} \right) \cdot z \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2 \right)$$

Open Calculator 🗗

$$\boxed{ \text{ex} \left[ 6.237629 \text{kN/m}^2 = \left( (11.89 \text{kN/m}^3 - 9.81 \text{kN/m}^3) \cdot 3 \text{m} \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{64 \, ^\circ \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2 \right) } \right]$$

## 24) Effective Normal Stress given Submerged Unit Weight

$$\sigma^{'} = \left(y_S \cdot z \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2\right)$$

Open Calculator

$$\boxed{ 14.9943 \text{kN/m}^2 = \left( 5.00 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot 3 \text{m} \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{64 \degree \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2 \right) }$$

#### 25) Effective Normal Stress given Upward Force due to Seepage Water

fx 
$$\sigma^{'} = \sigma_{n} - F_{u}$$

Open Calculator

$$m ex \ 24.47kN/m^2 = 77.36kN/m^2 - 52.89kN/m^2$$

### 26) Factor of Safety for Cohesive Soil given Saturated Unit Weight

$$F_s = \frac{c' + \left(\gamma^{'} \cdot z \cdot tan((\phi)) \cdot (cos((i)))^2\right)}{\gamma_{sat} \cdot z \cdot cos((i)) \cdot sin((i))}$$

Open Calculator

$$\boxed{ \text{ex} \ 0.183449 = \frac{4 \text{Pa} + \left(5.01 \text{N/m}^3 \cdot 3 \text{m} \cdot \tan((46\,^\circ)) \cdot (\cos((64\,^\circ)))^2\right)}{32.24 \text{N/m}^3 \cdot 3 \text{m} \cdot \cos((64\,^\circ)) \cdot \sin((64\,^\circ))} }$$

### 27) Factor of Safety given Effective Normal Stress

$$\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{s}} = rac{\sigma^{'} \cdot an\left(rac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180}
ight)}{\zeta_{\mathrm{soil}}}$$

$$\boxed{\texttt{ex}} 0.486913 = \frac{24.67 kN/m^2 \cdot tan\left(\frac{46^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right)}{0.71 kN/m^2}$$



#### 28) Factor of Safety given Submerged Unit Weight 🚰

 $\boxed{\textbf{F}_s = \frac{y_S \cdot tan\left(\frac{\Phi_l \cdot \pi}{180}\right)}{\gamma_{saturated} \cdot tan\left(\frac{\textbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)}}$ 

Open Calculator

#### 29) Inclined Length of Prism given Saturated Unit Weight

 $\boxed{\mathbf{k}} b = \frac{W_{prism}}{\gamma_{saturated} \cdot z \cdot cos\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)}$ 

Open Calculator

#### 30) Normal Stress Component given Effective Normal Stress

 $\sigma_{
m n} = \sigma^{'} + F_{
m u}$ 

Open Calculator

$$(77.56 \text{kN/m}^2 = 24.67 \text{kN/m}^2 + 52.89 \text{kN/m}^2)$$

## 31) Normal Stress Component given Saturated Unit Weight

 $\sigma_n = \left(\gamma_{saturated} \cdot z \cdot \left(\cos\!\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2\right)$ 

Open Calculator

$$\boxed{ 35.65644 \text{kN/m}^2 = \left( 11.89 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot 3 \text{m} \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{64 \degree \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2 \right) }$$

#### 32) Normal Stress Component given Submerged Unit Weight and Depth of Prism

 $\boxed{\textbf{fx}} \sigma_n = F_u + \left(y_S \cdot z \cdot \left(\cos\!\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2\right)$ 

$$= 52.89 \text{kN/m}^2 + \left(5.00 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot 3 \text{m} \cdot \left(\cos \left(\frac{64 \degree \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2\right)$$



### 33) Saturated Unit Weight given Critical Depth

$$\gamma_{\text{saturated}} = \frac{\left(\frac{C_{\text{eff}}}{h_c}\right) - \left(y_S \cdot \tan\left(\frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2}$$

Open Calculator 2

$$\boxed{ 12.66211 \text{kN/m}^3 = \frac{\left(\frac{0.32 \text{kPa}}{1.01 \text{m}}\right) - \left(5.00 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot \tan\left(\frac{46^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2} }$$

#### 34) Saturated Unit Weight given Factor of Safety for Cohesive Soil

$$oldsymbol{\gamma_{
m saturated}} = rac{{
m C_{
m eff}} + \left({
m y_S} \cdot {
m z} \cdot {
m tan}\left(rac{\Phi_{
m i} \cdot \pi}{180}
ight) \cdot \left({
m cos}\left(rac{{
m i} \cdot \pi}{180}
ight)
ight)^2
ight)}{{
m F_s} \cdot {
m z} \cdot {
m cos}\left(rac{{
m i} \cdot \pi}{180}
ight) \cdot {
m sin}\left(rac{{
m i} \cdot \pi}{180}
ight)}$$

Open Calculator

$$\underbrace{ 4.266966 \text{kN/m}^3 = \frac{0.32 \text{kPa} + \left(5.00 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot 3 \text{m} \cdot \tan\left(\frac{82.87^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2\right)}_{2.8 \cdot 3 \text{m} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right)}$$

## 35) Shear Strength given Submerged Unit Weight 🗹

$$\tau_{\rm f} = \frac{\zeta_{\rm soil} \cdot y_{\rm S} \cdot \tan \left( \frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180} \right)}{\gamma_{\rm saturated} \cdot \tan \left( \frac{{\rm i} \cdot \pi}{180} \right)}$$

Open Calculator [3]

$$\boxed{0.214584 kN/m^2 = \frac{0.71 kN/m^2 \cdot 5.00 kN/m^3 \cdot \tan\left(\frac{46^{\circ} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)}{11.89 kN/m^3 \cdot \tan\left(\frac{64^{\circ} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)}}$$

### 36) Shear Stress Component given Saturated Unit Weight 🗗

$$\zeta_{soil} = \left(\gamma_{saturated} \cdot \mathbf{z} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \boldsymbol{\pi}}{180}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \boldsymbol{\pi}}{180}\right)\right)$$

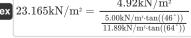
Open Calculator

$$\boxed{0.695229 \text{kN/m}^2 = \left(11.89 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot 3 \text{m} \cdot \cos \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)}$$

#### 37) Shear Stress given Submerged Unit Weight

$$\text{fx} \boxed{\zeta_{soil} = \frac{\tau_f}{\frac{y_S \cdot tan((\phi))}{\gamma_{saturated} \cdot tan((i))}}}$$

$$= \frac{4.92 \text{kN/m}^2}{23.165 \text{kN/m}^2 = \frac{5.00 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot \text{tan}((46^\circ))}{11.80 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot \text{tan}((46^\circ))} }$$





### 38) Stability Number for Failure on Slope with Seepage of Water

$$\boxed{\mathbf{\hat{k}}} \left[ S_n = (\cos(\delta))^2 \cdot \left( \tan(\delta) - \left( \frac{\gamma_b \cdot \tan(\Phi_i)}{\gamma_{saturated}} \right) \right) \right]$$

Open Calculator 🗗

$$\boxed{ 0.041214 = (\cos(87^\circ))^2 \cdot \left( \tan(87^\circ) - \left( \frac{6 k N / m^3 \cdot \tan(82.87^\circ)}{11.89 k N / m^3} \right) \right) }$$

### 39) Stability Number for Failure on Slope without Seepage Water

$$S_n = (\cos(\delta))^2 \cdot (\tan(\delta) - \tan(\Phi_i))$$

Open Calculator 🗗

$$\boxed{ \text{ex} \left[ 0.030367 = (\cos(87°))^2 \cdot (\tan(87°) - \tan(82.87°)) \right] }$$

## 40) Submerged Unit Weight for Steady Seepage along Slope

$$\mathbf{fx} \mathbf{y}_S = \frac{\left(F_s \cdot \gamma_{saturated} \cdot z \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right) - C}{z \cdot \tan\left(\frac{\Phi_i \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2}$$

Open Calculator 🗗

$$8.936297 \text{kN/m}^3 = \frac{\left(2.8 \cdot 11.89 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot 3 \text{m} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right) - 1.27 \text{kPa}}{3 \text{m} \cdot \tan\left(\frac{82.87^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2}$$

#### 41) Submerged Unit Weight given Critical Depth and Cohesion

$$\mathbf{x} \mathbf{y}_{S} = \frac{\left(\gamma_{saturated} \cdot tan\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(cos\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^{2}\right) - \left(\frac{C}{h_{c}}\right)}{-tan\left(\frac{\Phi_{\mathbf{i}} \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(cos\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^{2}}$$

Open Calculator

$$\boxed{ 40.63814 kN/m^3 = \frac{\left(11.89 kN/m^3 \cdot \tan\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2\right) - \left(\frac{1.27 kPa}{1.01 m}\right)}{-\tan\left(\frac{82.87^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2} }$$

## 42) Submerged Unit Weight given Effective Normal Stress

$$\mathbf{x} \mathbf{y}_{S} = \frac{\sigma^{'}}{z \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{24.67 \text{kN/m}^2}{3 \text{m} \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2}$$





### 43) Submerged Unit Weight given Factor of Safety 🖸

fx 
$$y_S = rac{F_S}{rac{ an(rac{\Phi_1 \cdot \pi}{180})}{\gamma_{ ext{saturated}} \cdot an(rac{ an}{180})}}$$

Open Calculator

$$= \frac{2.8}{\frac{\tan(\frac{82.87^{\circ} - \pi}{180})}{11.89 \text{kN/m}^{3} \cdot \tan(\frac{64^{\circ} - \pi}{180})} }$$

### 44) Submerged Unit Weight given Shear Strength

$$\mathbf{fx} \mathbf{y}_S = \frac{\frac{\tau_f}{\zeta_{soil}}}{\frac{\tan((\Phi_i))}{\gamma_{saturated} \cdot \tan((i))}}$$

Open Calculator

$$= \frac{21.13118 kN/m^3 = \frac{\frac{4.92 kN/m^2}{0.71 kN/m^2}}{\frac{\tan((82.87^*))}{11.89 kN/m^2 \cdot \tan((64^*))}}$$

### 45) Submerged Unit Weight given Upward Force

$$\mathbf{x} \mathbf{y}_{S} = rac{\sigma_{n} - F_{u}}{\mathbf{z} \cdot \left(\cos\left(rac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180}
ight)
ight)^{2}}$$

Open Calculator

$$\boxed{\text{ex} \ 8.159768 kN/m^3 = \frac{77.36 kN/m^2 - 52.89 kN/m^2}{3m \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2}}$$

## 46) Unit Weight of Water given Effective Normal Stress 🗹

$$\boxed{\kappa} \left[ \gamma_{\mathrm{water}} = \gamma_{\mathrm{saturated}} - \left( \frac{\sigma^{'}}{z \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{i \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2} \right) \right]$$

Open Calculator

$$= 3.66354 kN/m^3 = 11.89 kN/m^3 - \left( \frac{24.67 kN/m^2}{3m \cdot \left( \cos \left( \frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2} \right)$$

## 47) Unit Weight of Water given Upward Force due to Seepage Water 🗲

$$\gamma_{\mathrm{water}} = \frac{F_{\mathrm{u}}}{z \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{\mathrm{i} \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2}$$

$$= \frac{52.89 kN/m^2}{3m \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{64^* \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2}$$





## 48) Upward Force due to Seepage Water

$$\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{u}} = \left( \gamma_{\mathrm{water}} \cdot \mathbf{z} \cdot \left( \cos \left( rac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180} 
ight) 
ight)^2 
ight)$$

Open Calculator

## 49) Upward Force due to Seepage Water given Effective Normal Stress

fx 
$$F_{\mathrm{u}} = \sigma_{\mathrm{n}} - \sigma^{'}$$

Open Calculator

$$m ex \ 52.69kN/m^2 = 77.36kN/m^2 - 24.67kN/m^2$$

## 50) Upward Force due to Seepage Water given Submerged Unit Weight

$$\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{u}} = \sigma_{\mathrm{n}} - \left( \mathbf{y}_{\mathrm{S}} \cdot \mathbf{z} \cdot \left( \cos \left( rac{\mathrm{i} \cdot \pi}{180} 
ight) 
ight)^2 
ight)$$

Open Calculator

## 51) Vertical Stress on Prism given Saturated Unit Weight

$$\sigma_{
m zkp} = \left( \gamma_{
m saturated} \cdot {
m z} \cdot \cos \left( rac{{
m i} \cdot \pi}{180} 
ight) 
ight)$$

Open Calculator 🗗

## 52) Weight of Soil Prism given Saturated Unit Weight

$$\mathbf{K} \mathbf{W}_{\mathrm{prism}} = \left( \gamma_{\mathrm{saturated}} \cdot \mathbf{z} \cdot \mathbf{b} \cdot \cos\left( \frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)$$

$$\boxed{ 0.677601 \text{kN} = \left( 11.89 \text{kN/m}^3 \cdot 3 \text{m} \cdot 0.019 \text{m} \cdot \cos \left( \frac{64 \degree \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right) }$$



#### Variables Used

- **b** Inclined Length of Prism (Meter)
- c' Effective Cohesion (Pascal)
- C Cohesion in Soil as Kilopascal (Kilopascal)
- Ceff Effective Cohesion in Geotech as Kilopascal (Kilopascal)
- Fs Factor of Safety in Soil Mechanics
- F<sub>II</sub> Upward Force in Seepage Analysis (Kilonewton per Square Meter)
- **h**<sub>c</sub> Critical Depth (Meter)
- i Angle of Inclination to Horizontal in Soil (Degree)
- Sn Stability Number
- Tf Shear Strength of Soil (Pascal)
- W<sub>nrism</sub> Weight of Prism in Soil Mechanics (Kilonewton)
- ys Submerged Unit Weight in KN per Cubic Meter (Kilonewton per Cubic Meter)
- **z** Depth of Prism (Meter)
- V Unit Weight of Soil (Kilonewton per Cubic Meter)
- γ<sub>b</sub> Buoyant Unit Weight (Kilonewton per Cubic Meter)
- Ysat Saturated Unit Weight in Newton per Cubic Meter (Newton per Cubic Meter)
- Ysaturated Saturated Unit Weight of Soil (Kilonewton per Cubic Meter)
- Ywater Unit Weight of Water (Kilonewton per Cubic Meter)
- v Submerged Unit Weight (Newton per Cubic Meter)
- δ Slope of Ground (Degree)
- ζ<sub>Soil</sub> Shear Stress in Soil Mechanics (Kilonewton per Square Meter)
- σ<sub>n</sub> Normal Stress in Soil Mechanics (Kilonewton per Square Meter)
- σ<sub>z</sub> Vertical Stress at Point (Pascal)
- σ<sub>zkp</sub> Vertical Stress at a Point in Kilopascal (Kilopascal)
- σ Effective Normal Stress in Soil Mechanics (Kilonewton per Square Meter)
- Tf Shear Strength in KN per Cubic Meter (Kilonewton per Square Meter)
- φ Angle of Internal Friction (Degree)
- Φ<sub>i</sub> Angle of Internal Friction of Soil (Degree)





#### Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- Constant: pi, 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
   Archimedes' constant
- Function: acos, acos(Number)

The inverse cosine function, is the inverse function of the cosine function. It is the function that takes a ratio as an input and returns the angle whose cosine is equal to that ratio.

- Function: atan, atan(Number)
   Inverse tan is used to calculate the angle by applying the tangent ratio of the angle, which is the opposite side divided by the adjacent side of the right triangle.
- Function: cos, cos(Angle)
   Cosine of an angle is the ratio of the side adjacent to the angle to the hypotenuse of the triangle.
- Function: sin, sin(Angle)
   Sine is a trigonometric function that describes the ratio of the length of the opposite side of a right triangle to the length of the hypotenuse.
- Function: tan, tan(Angle)

The tangent of an angle is a trigonometric ratio of the length of the side opposite an angle to the length of the side adjacent to an angle in a right triangle.

- Measurement: Length in Meter (m)
  Length Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Pressure in Pascal (Pa), Kilonewton per Square Meter (kN/m²), Kilopascal (kPa)

  Pressure Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Force in Kilonewton (kN)
  Force Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Angle in Degree (°)

  Angle Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Specific Weight in Kilonewton per Cubic Meter (kN/m³), Newton per Cubic Meter (N/m³) Specific Weight Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Stress in Kilonewton per Square Meter (kN/m²)
   Stress Unit Conversion





#### Check other formula lists

- Bearing Capacity for Strip Footing for C-Φ Soils Formulas
- Bearing Capacity of Cohesive Soil Formulas
- Bearing Capacity of Non-cohesive Soil Formulas
- Bearing Capacity of Soils Formulas
- Bearing Capacity of Soils: Meyerhof's Analysis Formulas
- Foundation Stability Analysis Formulas
- Atterberg Limits Formulas
- Bearing Capacity of Soil: Terzaghi's Analysis Formulas
- Compaction of Soil Formulas
- Earth Moving Formulas
- Lateral Pressure for Cohesive and Non Cohesive
  Soil Formulas (7)

- Minimum Depth of Foundation by Rankine's Analysis Formulas
- Pile Foundations Formulas
- Scraper Production Formulas
- Seepage Analysis Formulas
- Slope Stability Analysis using Bishops Method Formulas
- Slope Stability Analysis using Culman's Method Formulas
- Soil Origin and Its Properties Formulas
- Specific Gravity of Soil Formulas
- Stability Analysis of Infinite Slopes in Prism Formulas
- Vibration Control in Blasting Formulas
- Void Ratio of Soil Sample Formulas
- Water Content of Soil and Related Formulas

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