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Governing Equations and Sound Wave Formulas

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List of 18 Governing Equations and Sound Wave Formulas

Governing Equations and Sound Wave ↗

1) Critical Density ↗

fx $\rho_{cr} = \rho_0 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{\gamma + 1} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma - 1}}$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $0.773405 \text{ kg/m}^3 = 1.22 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{1.4 + 1} \right)^{\frac{1}{1.4 - 1}}$

2) Critical Pressure ↗

fx $p_{cr} = \left(\frac{2}{\gamma + 1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma - 1}} \cdot P_0$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $2.641409 \text{ at} = \left(\frac{2}{1.4 + 1} \right)^{\frac{1.4}{1.4 - 1}} \cdot 5 \text{ at}$

3) Critical Temperature ↗

fx $T_{cr} = \frac{2 \cdot T_0}{\gamma + 1}$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $250 \text{ K} = \frac{2 \cdot 300 \text{ K}}{1.4 + 1}$



4) Flow Velocity Downstream of Sound Wave ↗

fx $u_2 = \sqrt{2 \cdot \left(\frac{a_1^2 - a_2^2}{\gamma - 1} + \frac{u_1^2}{2} \right)}$

Open Calculator ↗

ex $45.07716 \text{ m/s} = \sqrt{2 \cdot \left(\frac{(12 \text{ m/s})^2 - (31.90 \text{ m/s})^2}{1.4 - 1} + \frac{(80 \text{ m/s})^2}{2} \right)}$

5) Flow Velocity Upstream of Sound Wave ↗

fx $u_1 = \sqrt{2 \cdot \left(\frac{a_2^2 - a_1^2}{\gamma - 1} + \frac{u_2^2}{2} \right)}$

Open Calculator ↗

ex $79.95655 \text{ m/s} = \sqrt{2 \cdot \left(\frac{(31.90 \text{ m/s})^2 - (12 \text{ m/s})^2}{1.4 - 1} + \frac{(45 \text{ m/s})^2}{2} \right)}$

6) Isentropic Change across Sound Wave ↗

fx $d\rho dp = a^2$

Open Calculator ↗

ex $117649 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2 = (343 \text{ m/s})^2$



7) Isentropic Compressibility for given Density and Speed of Sound 

fx $\tau_s = \frac{1}{\rho \cdot a^2}$

Open Calculator 

ex $0.069387 \text{ cm}^2/\text{N} = \frac{1}{1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot (343 \text{ m/s})^2}$

8) Mach Angle 

fx $\mu = a \sin\left(\frac{1}{M}\right)$

Open Calculator 

ex $30^\circ = a \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

9) Mach Number 

fx $M = \frac{V_b}{a}$

Open Calculator 

ex $2.040816 = \frac{700 \text{ m/s}}{343 \text{ m/s}}$

10) Mayer's Formula 

fx $R = C_p - C_v$

Open Calculator 

ex $273 \text{ J/(kg*K)} = 1005 \text{ J/(kg*K)} - 732 \text{ J/(kg*K)}$



11) Ratio of Stagnation and Static Density ↗

$$fx \quad \rho_r = \left(1 + \left(\frac{\gamma - 1}{2} \right) \cdot M^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma-1}}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 4.346916 = \left(1 + \left(\frac{1.4 - 1}{2} \right) \cdot (2)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{1.4-1}}$$

12) Ratio of Stagnation and Static Pressure ↗

$$fx \quad P_r = \left(1 + \left(\frac{\gamma - 1}{2} \right) \cdot M^2 \right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 7.824449 = \left(1 + \left(\frac{1.4 - 1}{2} \right) \cdot (2)^2 \right)^{\frac{1.4}{1.4-1}}$$

13) Ratio of Stagnation and Static Temperature ↗

$$fx \quad T_r = 1 + \left(\frac{\gamma - 1}{2} \right) \cdot M^2$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 1.8 = 1 + \left(\frac{1.4 - 1}{2} \right) \cdot (2)^2$$



14) Speed of Sound**Open Calculator**

$$fx \quad a = \sqrt{\gamma \cdot [R\text{-Dry-Air}] \cdot T_s}$$

$$ex \quad 344.9012 \text{m/s} = \sqrt{1.4 \cdot [R\text{-Dry-Air}] \cdot 296 \text{K}}$$

15) Speed of Sound Downstream of Sound Wave**Open Calculator**

$$fx \quad a_2 = \sqrt{(\gamma - 1) \cdot \left(\frac{u_1^2 - u_2^2}{2} + \frac{a_1^2}{\gamma - 1} \right)}$$

ex

$$31.92178 \text{m/s} = \sqrt{(1.4 - 1) \cdot \left(\frac{(80 \text{m/s})^2 - (45 \text{m/s})^2}{2} + \frac{(12 \text{m/s})^2}{1.4 - 1} \right)}$$

16) Speed of Sound given Isentropic Change**Open Calculator**

$$fx \quad a = \sqrt{dpd\rho}$$

$$ex \quad 343 \text{m/s} = \sqrt{117649 \text{m}^2/\text{s}^2}$$



17) Speed of Sound Upstream of Sound Wave ↗

fx $a_1 = \sqrt{(\gamma - 1) \cdot \left(\frac{u_2^2 - u_1^2}{2} + \frac{a_2^2}{\gamma - 1} \right)}$

Open Calculator ↗**ex**

$$11.94194 \text{ m/s} = \sqrt{(1.4 - 1) \cdot \left(\frac{(45 \text{ m/s})^2 - (80 \text{ m/s})^2}{2} + \frac{(31.90 \text{ m/s})^2}{1.4 - 1} \right)}$$

18) Stagnation Temperature ↗

fx $T_0 = T_s + \frac{u_2^2}{2 \cdot C_p}$

Open Calculator ↗

ex $297.0075 \text{ K} = 296 \text{ K} + \frac{(45 \text{ m/s})^2}{2 \cdot 1005 \text{ J/(kg*K)}}$



Variables Used

- a Speed of Sound (*Meter per Second*)
- a_1 Sound Speed Upstream (*Meter per Second*)
- a_2 Sound Speed Downstream (*Meter per Second*)
- C_p Specific Heat Capacity at Constant Pressure (*Joule per Kilogram per K*)
- C_v Specific Heat Capacity at Constant Volume (*Joule per Kilogram per K*)
- $\frac{dp}{dp}$ Isentropic Change (*Square Meter per Square Second*)
- M Mach Number
- P_0 Stagnation Pressure (*Atmosphere Technical*)
- p_{cr} Critical Pressure (*Atmosphere Technical*)
- P_r Stagnation to Static Pressure
- R Specific Gas Constant (*Joule per Kilogram per K*)
- T_0 Stagnation Temperature (*Kelvin*)
- T_{cr} Critical Temperature (*Kelvin*)
- T_r Stagnation to Static Temperature
- T_s Static Temperature (*Kelvin*)
- u_1 Flow Velocity Upstream of Sound (*Meter per Second*)
- u_2 Flow Velocity Downstream of Sound (*Meter per Second*)
- V_b Speed of Object (*Meter per Second*)
- γ Specific Heat Ratio
- μ Mach Angle (*Degree*)
- ρ Density (*Kilogram per Cubic Meter*)
- ρ_{cr} Critical Density (*Kilogram per Cubic Meter*)



- ρ_0 Stagnation Density (*Kilogram per Cubic Meter*)
- ρ_r Stagnation to Static Density
- τ_s Isentropic Compressibility (*Square Centimeter per Newton*)



Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- **Constant:** [R-Dry-Air], 287.058

Specific Gas Constant for Dry Air

- **Function:** **asin**, asin(Number)

The inverse sine function, is a trigonometric function that takes a ratio of two sides of a right triangle and outputs the angle opposite the side with the given ratio.

- **Function:** **sin**, sin(Angle)

Sine is a trigonometric function that describes the ratio of the length of the opposite side of a right triangle to the length of the hypotenuse.

- **Function:** **sqrt**, sqrt(Number)

A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.

- **Measurement:** **Temperature** in Kelvin (K)

Temperature Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Pressure** in Atmosphere Technical (at)

Pressure Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Speed** in Meter per Second (m/s)

Speed Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Angle** in Degree (°)

Angle Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Specific Heat Capacity** in Joule per Kilogram per K

(J/(kg*K))

Specific Heat Capacity Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Density** in Kilogram per Cubic Meter (kg/m³)

Density Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Specific Energy** in Square Meter per Square Second

(m²/s²)



Specific Energy Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Compressibility** in Square Centimeter per Newton (cm^2/N)
Compressibility Unit Conversion 



Check other formula lists

- [Governing Equations and Sound Wave Formulas](#) ↗
- [Normal Shock Wave Formulas](#) ↗

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