## Notches and Weirs Formulas

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## List of 27 Notches and Weirs Formulas

## Notches and Weirs

## Discharge

1) Coefficient of Discharge for Time Required to Empty Reservoir
$f \times \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}}=\frac{3 \cdot \mathrm{~A}}{\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{a}} \cdot \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]}} \cdot\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{f}}}}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{i}}}}\right)$
$\mathbf{e x} 0.822977=\frac{3 \cdot 50 \mathrm{~m}^{2}}{80 \mathrm{~s} \cdot 1.21 \mathrm{~m} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]}} \cdot\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{0.17 \mathrm{~m}}}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{186.1 \mathrm{~m}}}\right)$
2) Discharge over Broad-Crested Weir
f. $\mathrm{Q}=1.705 \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot \mathrm{H}^{\frac{3}{2}}$
ex $52.1915 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}=1.705 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 1.21 \mathrm{~m} \cdot(10 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}$
3) Discharge over Broad-Crested Weir for Head of Liquid at Middle
$f \mathrm{x} Q=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}] \cdot\left(\mathrm{h}^{2} \cdot \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{h}^{3}\right)}$
Open Calculator
ex $38.58275 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}=0.8 \cdot 1.21 \mathrm{~m} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}] \cdot\left((9 \mathrm{~m})^{2} \cdot 10 \mathrm{~m}-(9 \mathrm{~m})^{3}\right)}$
4) Discharge over Broad-Crested Weir with Velocity of Approach
$\mathrm{fx}_{\mathrm{x}}^{\mathrm{Q}}=1.705 \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot\left(\left(\mathrm{H}+\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{a}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{a}}^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)$
ex $59.69284 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}=1.705 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 1.21 \mathrm{~m} \cdot\left((10 \mathrm{~m}+1.2 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}-(1.2 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)$
5) Discharge over Rectangle Notch or Weir
fx $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{th}}=\frac{2}{3} \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot \mathrm{H}^{\frac{3}{2}}$
ex $90.37731 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}=\frac{2}{3} \cdot 0.8 \cdot 1.21 \mathrm{~m} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot(10 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}$
6) Discharge over Rectangle Weir Considering Bazin's formula
$f \times \mathrm{Q}=\left(0.405+\frac{0.003}{\mathrm{H}}\right) \cdot \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot \mathrm{H}^{\frac{3}{2}}$
Open Calculator
ex $68.68111 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}=\left(0.405+\frac{0.003}{10 \mathrm{~m}}\right) \cdot 1.21 \mathrm{~m} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot(10 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}$
7) Discharge over Rectangle Weir Considering Francis's formula
$f \mathrm{fx} \mathrm{Q}^{\prime}=1.84 \cdot \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot\left(\left(\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{i}}+\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{f}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}-\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{f}}^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)$
Open Calculator
ex $5659.859 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}=1.84 \cdot 1.21 \mathrm{~m} \cdot\left((186.1 \mathrm{~m}+0.17 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}-(0.17 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)$
8) Discharge over Rectangle Weir for Bazin's formula with Velocity of Approach
$f \times \mathrm{Q}=\left(0.405+\frac{0.003}{\mathrm{H}+\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{a}}}\right) \cdot \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot\left(\mathrm{H}+\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{a}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$
Open Calculator
ex $81.40103 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}=\left(0.405+\frac{0.003}{10 \mathrm{~m}+1.2 \mathrm{~m}}\right) \cdot 1.21 \mathrm{~m} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot(10 \mathrm{~m}+1.2 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}$
9) Discharge over Rectangle Weir with Two End Contractions
$\mathrm{fx} \mathrm{Q}=\frac{2}{3} \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot\left(\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}}-0.2 \cdot \mathrm{H}\right) \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot \mathrm{H}^{\frac{3}{2}}$
ex $-59.006677 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}=\frac{2}{3} \cdot 0.8 \cdot(1.21 \mathrm{~m}-0.2 \cdot 10 \mathrm{~m}) \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot(10 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}$
10) Discharge over Trapezoidal Notch or Weir $\preceq$
$f x$
$\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{th}}=\frac{2}{3} \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d} 1} \cdot \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot \mathrm{H}^{\frac{3}{2}}+\frac{8}{15} \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d} 2} \cdot \tan \left(\frac{\angle \mathrm{~A}}{2}\right) \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot \mathrm{H}^{\frac{5}{2}}$
ex
$201.2609 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}=\frac{2}{3} \cdot 0.63 \cdot 1.21 \mathrm{~m} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot(10 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}+\frac{8}{15} \cdot 0.65 \cdot \tan \left(\frac{30^{\circ}}{2}\right) \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot(10 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{5}{2}}$
11) Discharge over Triangular Notch or Weir
$\mathrm{fx} \mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{th}}=\frac{8}{15} \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \tan \left(\frac{\angle \mathrm{A}}{2}\right) \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot \mathrm{H}^{\frac{5}{2}}$
ex $160.1093 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}=\frac{8}{15} \cdot 0.8 \cdot \tan \left(\frac{30^{\circ}}{2}\right) \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot(10 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{5}{2}}$
12) Discharge with Velocity of Approach
$f \times Q^{\prime}=\frac{2}{3} \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot\left(\left(\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{i}}+\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{f}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}-\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{f}}^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)$
Open Calculator
ex $7265.439 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}=\frac{2}{3} \cdot 0.8 \cdot 1.21 \mathrm{~m} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot\left((186.1 \mathrm{~m}+0.17 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}-(0.17 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)$
13) Discharge without Velocity of Approach

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$f \mathrm{x} \mathrm{Q}^{\prime}=\frac{2}{3} \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{i}}^{\frac{3}{2}}$
ex $7255.695 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}=\frac{2}{3} \cdot 0.8 \cdot 1.21 \mathrm{~m} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot(186.1 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}$
14) Head of Liquid above V-notch
$f x H=\left(\frac{Q_{t h}}{\frac{8}{15} \cdot C_{d} \cdot \tan \left(\frac{\angle A}{2}\right) \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[g]}}\right)^{0.4}$
ex $7.94201 \mathrm{~m}=\left(\frac{90 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}}{\frac{8}{15} \cdot 0.8 \cdot \tan \left(\frac{30^{\circ}}{2}\right) \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]}}\right)^{0.4}$
15) Head of Liquid at Crest
$f_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{H}=\left(\frac{\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{th}}}{\frac{2}{3} \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]}}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$
$\mathrm{ex} 9.972148 \mathrm{~m}=\left(\frac{90 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}}{\frac{2}{3} \cdot 0.8 \cdot 1.21 \mathrm{~m} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]}}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$
16) Time Required to Empty Reservoir
$f x \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{a}}=\left(\frac{3 \cdot \mathrm{~A}}{\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{f}}}}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{i}}}}\right)$
ex $82.29767 \mathrm{~s}=\left(\frac{3 \cdot 50 \mathrm{~m}^{2}}{0.8 \cdot 1.21 \mathrm{~m} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{0.17 \mathrm{~m}}}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{186.1 \mathrm{~m}}}\right)$
17) Time Required to Empty Tank with Triangular Weir or Notch
$f \mathrm{f} \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{a}}=\left(\frac{5 \cdot \mathrm{~A}}{4 \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \tan \left(\frac{\angle \mathrm{A}}{2}\right) \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{1}{\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{f}}^{\frac{3}{2}}}-\frac{1}{\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{i}}^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)$
ex $939.2406 \mathrm{~s}=\left(\frac{5 \cdot 50 \mathrm{~m}^{2}}{4 \cdot 0.8 \cdot \tan \left(\frac{30^{\circ}}{2}\right) \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{1}{(0.17 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}}-\frac{1}{(186.1 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)$

## Geometric DImension

18) Length of Crest of Weir or Notch
$f \mathrm{f} \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}}=\frac{3 \cdot \mathrm{~A}}{\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{a}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]}} \cdot\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{f}}}}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{i}}}}\right)$
ex $1.244752 \mathrm{~m}=\frac{3 \cdot 50 \mathrm{~m}^{2}}{0.8 \cdot 80 \mathrm{~s} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]}} \cdot\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{0.17 \mathrm{~m}}}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{186.1 \mathrm{~m}}}\right)$
19) Length of Section for Discharge over Rectangle Notch or Weir
$f_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}}=\frac{\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{th}}}{\frac{2}{3} \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot 1_{\mathrm{a}}^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
ex $0.655891 \mathrm{~m}=\frac{90 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}}{\frac{2}{3} \cdot 0.8 \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot(15 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
20) Length of Weir Considering Bazin's formula with Velocity of Approach
$f \mathbf{x} L_{\mathrm{n}}=\frac{\mathrm{Q}}{0.405+\frac{0.003}{1_{\mathrm{a}}+\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{a}}}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot\left(\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{a}}+\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{a}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$
ex $28507.18 \mathrm{~m}=\frac{40 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}}{0.405+\frac{0.003}{15 \mathrm{~m}+1.2 \mathrm{~m}}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot(15 \mathrm{~m}+1.2 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}$
21) Length of Weir Considering Bazin's formula without Velocity of Approach
$\mathrm{fx} \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{n}}=\frac{\mathrm{Q}}{0.405+\frac{0.003}{1_{\mathrm{a}}}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot l_{\mathrm{a}}^{\frac{3}{2}}$
ex $25398.19 \mathrm{~m}=\frac{40 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}}{0.405+\frac{0.003}{15 \mathrm{~m}}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot(15 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}$
22) Length of Weir Considering Francis's formula
$f \mathbf{x} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{w}}=\frac{\mathrm{Q}}{1.84 \cdot\left(\left(\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{i}}+\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{a}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{a}}^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}$
ex $0.008485 \mathrm{~m}=\frac{40 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}}{1.84 \cdot\left((186.1 \mathrm{~m}+1.2 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}-(1.2 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}$
23) Length of Weir for Broad-Crested Weir and Head of Liquid at Middle
$f \mathrm{x} \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}}=\frac{\mathrm{Q}}{\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[g] \cdot\left(\mathrm{h}^{2} \cdot l_{\mathrm{a}}-\mathrm{h}^{3}\right)}}$
ex $0.512126 \mathrm{~m}=$
$\frac{40 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}}{0.8 \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}] \cdot\left((9 \mathrm{~m})^{2} \cdot 15 \mathrm{~m}-(9 \mathrm{~m})^{3}\right)}}$
24) Length of Weir for Broad-Crested Weir with Velocity of Approach
$\mathrm{fx} \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}}=\frac{\mathrm{Q}}{1.705 \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot\left(\left(\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{a}}+\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{a}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{a}}^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}$
ex $0.459006 \mathrm{~m}=\frac{40 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}}{1.705 \cdot 0.8 \cdot\left((15 \mathrm{~m}+1.2 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}-(1.2 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}$
25) Length of Weir for Discharge over Broad-Crested Weir
$\mathrm{fx} \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}}=\frac{\mathrm{Q}}{1.705 \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{a}}^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
ex $0.504788 \mathrm{~m}=\frac{40 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}}{1.705 \cdot 0.8 \cdot(15 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
26) Length of Weir or Notch for Velocity of Approach
$f \mathbf{x} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{w}}=\frac{\mathrm{Q}}{\frac{2}{3} \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot\left(\left(\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{i}}+\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{f}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}-\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{f}}^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}$
ex $0.006662 \mathrm{~m}=\frac{40 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}}{\frac{2}{3} \cdot 0.8 \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot\left((186.1 \mathrm{~m}+0.17 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}-(0.17 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}$
27) Length of Weir or Notch without Velocity of Approach
$f \times L_{\mathrm{w}}=\frac{\mathrm{Q}}{\frac{2}{3} \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[g]} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{i}}^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
ex $0.006671 \mathrm{~m}=\frac{40 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}}{\frac{2}{3} \cdot 0.8 \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot[\mathrm{~g}]} \cdot(186.1 \mathrm{~m})^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

## Variables Used

- $\angle A$ Angle A (Degree)
- A Area of Weir (Square Meter)
- C $_{\mathrm{d}}$ Coefficient of Discharge
- $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d} 1}$ Coefficient of Discharge Rectangular
- $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d} 2}$ Coefficient of Discharge Triangular
- h Head of Liquid Middle (Meter)
- H Head of Liquid (Meter)
- $\mathbf{h}_{\mathbf{a}}$ Head Due to Velocity of Approach (Meter)
- $\mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{f}}$ Final Height of Liquid (Meter)
- $\mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{i}}$ Initial Height of Liquid (Meter)
- Ia Arc Length of Circle (Meter)
- $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{n}}$ Length of Notches (Meter)
- $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}}$ Length of Weir (Meter)
- Q Discharge Weir (Cubic Meter per Second)
- Q' Discharge (Cubic Meter per Second)
- $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathrm{th}}$ Theoretical Discharge (Cubic Meter per Second)
- $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{a}}$ Total Time Taken (Second)


## Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- Constant: [g], 9.80665

Gravitational acceleration on Earth

- Function: sqrt, sqrt(Number)

A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.

- Function: $\boldsymbol{t a n}, \tan ($ Angle)

The tangent of an angle is a trigonometric ratio of the length of the side opposite an angle to the length of the side adjacent to an angle in a right triangle.

- Measurement: Length in Meter (m)

Length Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Time in Second (s)

Time Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Area in Square Meter ( $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ )

Area Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Angle in Degree $\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$

Angle Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Volumetric Flow Rate in Cubic Meter per Second ( $\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$ )

Volumetric Flow Rate Unit Conversion

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