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# Horizontal and Vertical Semi-Axis of Ellipse Formulas

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# List of 13 Horizontal and Vertical Semi-Axis of Ellipse Formulas

## Horizontal and Vertical Semi-Axis of Ellipse

### 1) Major Horizontal Semi Axis for Deep Water Condition

$$\text{fx } A = \left( \frac{H_w}{2} \right) \cdot \exp \left( 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{Z}{L} \right)$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(e3f8612927870f2e0f9f5989e6dd3064\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 7.402077 = \left( \frac{14\text{m}}{2} \right) \cdot \exp \left( 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{0.8}{90\text{m}} \right)$$

### 2) Major Horizontal Semi Axis for Shallow Water Condition

$$\text{fx } A = \left( \frac{H_w}{2} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{L}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot d_s} \right)$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(cf531ed27e91483460120fcc057b3901\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 7.427231 = \left( \frac{14\text{m}}{2} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{90\text{m}}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot 13.5\text{m}} \right)$$

### 3) Minor Vertical Semi Axis for Shallow Water Condition

$$\text{fx } B = \left( \frac{H_w}{2} \right) \cdot \left( 1 + \frac{Z}{d_s} \right)$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(b4eeff342f60cc7bcd67d869b4fedca2\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 7.414815 = \left( \frac{14\text{m}}{2} \right) \cdot \left( 1 + \frac{0.8}{13.5\text{m}} \right)$$





#### 4) Minor Vertical Semi-Axis for Deep Water Condition

$$\text{fx } B = \left( \frac{H_w}{2} \right) \cdot \exp \left( 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{Z}{L} \right)$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(c3d993ca47bfe2a953c700506ce31fa0\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 7.402077 = \left( \frac{14\text{m}}{2} \right) \cdot \exp \left( 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{0.8}{90\text{m}} \right)$$

#### 5) Phase Angle for Horizontal Fluid Particle Displacement

fx

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(17413706fd4997a1a4bdf85c6864eee1\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\theta = a \sin \left( \left( \left( \left( \frac{\varepsilon}{a} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{\sinh \left( 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{d}{\lambda} \right)}{\cosh \left( 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{y}{\lambda} \right)} \right) \right)^2 \right)^2 \right)$$

$$\text{ex } 0.000103^\circ = a \sin \left( \left( \left( \left( \frac{0.4\text{m}}{1.56\text{m}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{\sinh \left( 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{1.05\text{m}}{26.8\text{m}} \right)}{\cosh \left( 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{4.92\text{m}}{26.8\text{m}} \right)} \right) \right)^2 \right)^2 \right)$$

#### 6) Sea Bed Given Minor Vertical Semi-Axis for Shallow Water Condition

$$\text{fx } Z = d_s \cdot \left( \left( \frac{B}{\frac{H_w}{2}} \right) - 1 \right)$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(95b425611cbd2b8716a140cf67c81822\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 0.800357 = 13.5\text{m} \cdot \left( \left( \frac{7.415}{\frac{14\text{m}}{2}} \right) - 1 \right)$$





## 7) Water Depth for Major Horizontal Semi-Axis for Shallow Water Condition

$$\text{fx } d_s = \frac{H_w \cdot L}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot A}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(c3d993ca47bfe2a953c700506ce31fa0\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 13.54583\text{m} = \frac{14\text{m} \cdot 90\text{m}}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot 7.4021}$$

## 8) Water Depth Given Minor Vertical Semi-Axis for Shallow Water Condition

$$\text{fx } d_s = \frac{Z}{\left(\frac{B}{\frac{H_w}{2}}\right) - 1}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(17413706fd4997a1a4bdf85c6864eee1\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 13.49398\text{m} = \frac{0.8}{\left(\frac{7.415}{\frac{14\text{m}}{2}}\right) - 1}$$

## 9) Wave Height for Major Horizontal Semi-Axis Deep Water Condition

$$\text{fx } H_w = \frac{2 \cdot A}{\exp\left(2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{Z}{L}\right)}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(4b7a79268f6ba26c1471d4232fffa85a\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 14.00004\text{m} = \frac{2 \cdot 7.4021}{\exp\left(2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{0.8}{90\text{m}}\right)}$$





## 10) Wave Height for Major Horizontal Semi-Axis for Shallow Water Condition

$$\text{fx } H_w = \frac{4 \cdot A \cdot \pi \cdot d_s}{L}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(c3d993ca47bfe2a953c700506ce31fa0\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 13.95263\text{m} = \frac{4 \cdot 7.4021 \cdot \pi \cdot 13.5\text{m}}{90\text{m}}$$

## 11) Wave Height for Minor Vertical Semi-Axis Deep Water Condition

$$\text{fx } H_w = \frac{2 \cdot B}{\exp\left(2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{Z}{L}\right)}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(17413706fd4997a1a4bdf85c6864eee1\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 14.02444\text{m} = \frac{2 \cdot 7.415}{\exp\left(2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{0.8}{90\text{m}}\right)}$$

## 12) Wave Height Given Minor Vertical Semi-Axis for Shallow Water Condition

$$\text{fx } H_w = \frac{2 \cdot B}{1 + \left(\frac{Z}{d_s}\right)}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(4b7a79268f6ba26c1471d4232fffa85a\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 14.00035\text{m} = \frac{2 \cdot 7.415}{1 + \left(\frac{0.8}{13.5\text{m}}\right)}$$





### 13) Wavelength for Major Horizontal Semi-Axis for Shallow Water Condition

**fx** 
$$L = \frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot d_s \cdot A}{H_w}$$

Open Calculator 

**ex** 
$$89.69548\text{m} = \frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot 13.5\text{m} \cdot 7.4021}{14\text{m}}$$







## Variables Used

- **a** Wave Amplitude (Meter)
- **A** Horizontal Semi-axis of Water Particle
- **B** Vertical Semi-Axis
- **d** Water Depth (Meter)
- **d<sub>s</sub>** Water Depth for Semi-Axis of Ellipse (Meter)
- **H<sub>w</sub>** Height of The Wave (Meter)
- **L** Length of Water Wave (Meter)
- **y** Elevation above the Bottom (Meter)
- **Z** Sea Bed Elevation
- **ε** Fluid Particle Displacement (Meter)
- **θ** Phase Angle (Degree)
- **λ** Wavelength of Coast (Meter)





## Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- **Constant:** **pi**, 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288  
*Archimedes' constant*
- **Function:** **asin**, asin(Number)  
*The inverse sine function, is a trigonometric function that takes a ratio of two sides of a right triangle and outputs the angle opposite the side with the given ratio.*
- **Function:** **cosh**, cosh(Number)  
*The hyperbolic cosine function is a mathematical function that is defined as the ratio of the sum of the exponential functions of  $x$  and negative  $x$  to 2.*
- **Function:** **exp**, exp(Number)  
 *$n$  an exponential function, the value of the function changes by a constant factor for every unit change in the independent variable.*
- **Function:** **sin**, sin(Angle)  
*Sine is a trigonometric function that describes the ratio of the length of the opposite side of a right triangle to the length of the hypotenuse.*
- **Function:** **sinh**, sinh(Number)  
*The hyperbolic sine function, also known as the sinh function, is a mathematical function that is defined as the hyperbolic analogue of the sine function.*
- **Measurement:** **Length** in Meter (m)  
*Length Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement:** **Angle** in Degree ( $^{\circ}$ )  
*Angle Unit Conversion* 





## Check other formula lists

- [Cnoidal Wave Theory Formulas](#) 
- [Horizontal and Vertical Semi-Axis of Ellipse Formulas](#) 
- [Wave Parameters Formulas](#) 
- [Zero-Crossing Method Formulas](#) 

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