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## Ideal Gas Law Formulas

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## List of 25 Ideal Gas Law Formulas

## Ideal Gas Law ©

1) Amount of Gas taken by Ideal Gas Law
$f \mathrm{fx} \mathrm{m}_{\text {gas }}=\frac{\mathrm{M}_{\text {molar }} \cdot \mathrm{P}_{\text {gas }} \cdot \mathrm{V}}{[\mathrm{R}] \cdot \mathrm{T}_{\text {gas }}}$
ex $44.00674 \mathrm{~g}=\frac{44.01 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol} \cdot 101325 \mathrm{~Pa} \cdot 22.4 \mathrm{~L}}{[\mathrm{R}] \cdot 273 \mathrm{~K}}$
2) Density of Gas by Ideal Gas law
$\mathrm{fx} \rho_{\mathrm{gas}}=\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\text {gas }} \cdot \mathrm{M}_{\text {molar }}}{[\mathrm{R}] \cdot \mathrm{T}_{\text {gas }}}$
Open Calculator
ex $1.964586 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}=\frac{101325 \mathrm{~Pa} \cdot 44.01 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}}{[\mathrm{R}] \cdot 273 \mathrm{~K}}$
3) Final Density of Gas by Ideal Gas Law
$f \mathrm{f} \mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{f}}=\frac{\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{fin}}}{\mathrm{T}_{2}}}{\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{i}}}{\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{i}} \cdot \mathrm{T}_{1}}}$

4) Final Pressure of Gas by Ideal Gas Law
$f x \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{fin}}=\left(\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{i}} \cdot \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{i}}}{\mathrm{T}_{1}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{\mathrm{T}_{2}}{\mathrm{~V}_{2}}\right)$
ex $13.00205 \mathrm{~Pa}=\left(\frac{21 \mathrm{~Pa} \cdot 11.2 \mathrm{~L}}{298 \mathrm{~K}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{313 \mathrm{~K}}{19 \mathrm{~L}}\right)$
5) Final Pressure of gas given Density
$f x \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{fin}}=\left(\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{i}}}{\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{i}} \cdot \mathrm{T}_{1}}\right) \cdot\left(\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{f}} \cdot \mathrm{T}_{2}\right)$
Open Calculator
ex $13.0118 \mathrm{~Pa}=\left(\frac{21 \mathrm{~Pa}}{1.19 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L} \cdot 298 \mathrm{~K}}\right) \cdot(0.702 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L} \cdot 313 \mathrm{~K})$
6) Final Temperature of Gas by Ideal Gas Law
$f \mathbf{x} \mathrm{~T}_{2}=\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\text {fin }} \cdot V_{2}}{\frac{P_{i} \cdot V_{\mathrm{i}}}{T_{1}}}$
ex $312.9507 \mathrm{~K}=\frac{13 \mathrm{~Pa} \cdot 19 \mathrm{~L}}{\frac{21 \mathrm{~Pa} \cdot 11.2 \mathrm{~L}}{298 \mathrm{~K}}}$
7) Final Temperature of Gas given Density
$\mathrm{fx} \mathrm{T}_{2}=\frac{\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\text {fin }}}{\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{f}}}}{\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{i}}}{\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{i}} \cdot \mathrm{T}_{1}}}$
$\mathbf{e x} 312.716 \mathrm{~K}=\frac{\frac{13 \mathrm{~Pa}}{0.702 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}}}{\frac{21 \mathrm{~Pa}}{1.19 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L} \cdot 298 \mathrm{~K}}}$
8) Final Volume of Gas by Ideal Gas Law
$\mathbf{f x} \mathrm{V}_{2}=\left(\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{i}} \cdot \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{i}}}{\mathrm{T}_{1}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{\mathrm{T}_{2}}{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{fin}}}\right)$
Open Calculator
ex $19.00299 \mathrm{~L}=\left(\frac{21 \mathrm{~Pa} \cdot 11.2 \mathrm{~L}}{298 \mathrm{~K}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{313 \mathrm{~K}}{13 \mathrm{~Pa}}\right)$
9) Initial Density of Gas by Ideal Gas Law
$\mathrm{fx} \mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{i}}=\frac{\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{i}}}{\mathrm{T}_{1}}}{\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{fin}}}{\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{f}} \cdot \mathrm{T}_{2}}}$
ex $1.191081 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}=\frac{\frac{21 \mathrm{~Pa}}{298 \mathrm{~K}}}{\frac{13 \mathrm{~Pa}}{0.702 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L} \cdot 313 \mathrm{~K}}}$
10) Initial Pressure of Gas by Ideal Gas Law
$f x \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{i}}=\left(\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{fin}} \cdot \mathrm{V}_{2}}{\mathrm{~T}_{2}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{\mathrm{T}_{1}}{\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{i}}}\right)$
ex $20.99669 \mathrm{~Pa}=\left(\frac{13 \mathrm{~Pa} \cdot 19 \mathrm{~L}}{313 \mathrm{~K}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{298 \mathrm{~K}}{11.2 \mathrm{~L}}\right)$
11) Initial Pressure of Gas given Density
$f \mathrm{f} \quad \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{i}}=\left(\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{fin}}}{\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{f}} \cdot \mathrm{T}_{2}}\right) \cdot\left(\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{i}} \cdot \mathrm{T}_{1}\right)$
Open Calculator
ex $20.98095 \mathrm{~Pa}=\left(\frac{13 \mathrm{~Pa}}{0.702 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L} \cdot 313 \mathrm{~K}}\right) \cdot(1.19 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L} \cdot 298 \mathrm{~K})$
12) Initial Temperature of Gas by Ideal Gas law
$f \mathbf{x} \mathrm{~T}_{1}=\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{i}} \cdot \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{i}}}{\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{fin}} \cdot \mathrm{V}_{2}}{\mathrm{~T}_{2}}}$
$\boldsymbol{e x} 298.047 \mathrm{~K}=\frac{21 \mathrm{~Pa} \cdot 11.2 \mathrm{~L}}{\frac{13 \mathrm{~Pa} \cdot 19 \mathrm{~L}}{313 \mathrm{~K}}}$
13) Initial Temperature of Gas given Density $\boxed{\square}$
$\mathrm{fx} \mathrm{T}_{1}=\frac{\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{i}}}{\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{i}}}}{\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{fin}}}{\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{f}} \cdot \mathrm{T}_{2}}}$
$\operatorname{ex} 298.2706 \mathrm{~K}=\frac{\frac{21 \mathrm{~Pa}}{1.19 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}}}{\frac{13 \mathrm{~Pa}}{0.702 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L} \cdot 313 \mathrm{~K}}}$
14) Initial Volume of Gas by Ideal Gas Law
$f \mathbf{x} \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{i}}=\left(\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\text {fin }} \cdot \mathrm{V}_{2}}{\mathrm{~T}_{2}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{\mathrm{T}_{1}}{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{i}}}\right)$
ex $11.19824 \mathrm{~L}=\left(\frac{13 \mathrm{~Pa} \cdot 19 \mathrm{~L}}{313 \mathrm{~K}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{298 \mathrm{~K}}{21 \mathrm{~Pa}}\right)$
15) Molecular Weight of Gas by Ideal Gas Law
$f \times \mathrm{M}_{\text {molar }}=\frac{\mathrm{m}_{\text {gas }} \cdot[\mathrm{R}] \cdot \mathrm{T}_{\text {gas }}}{\mathrm{P}_{\text {gas }} \cdot \mathrm{V}}$
ex $44.00326 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}=\frac{44 \mathrm{~g} \cdot[\mathrm{R}] \cdot 273 \mathrm{~K}}{101325 \mathrm{~Pa} \cdot 22.4 \mathrm{~L}}$
16) Molecular Weight of Gas given Density by Ideal Gas Law
$f \mathbf{f x} \mathrm{M}_{\text {molar }}=\frac{\rho_{\text {gas }} \cdot[\mathrm{R}] \cdot \mathrm{T}_{\text {gas }}}{\mathrm{P}_{\text {gas }}}$
ex $43.90726 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}=\frac{1.96 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L} \cdot[\mathrm{R}] \cdot 273 \mathrm{~K}}{101325 \mathrm{~Pa}}$
17) Number of Moles of Gas by Ideal Gas Law
$f \mathbf{x} \mathrm{~N}_{\text {moles }}=\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\text {gas }} \cdot \mathrm{V}}{[\mathrm{R}] \cdot \mathrm{T}_{\text {gas }}}$
Open Calculator 〔
ex $0.999926=\frac{101325 \mathrm{~Pa} \cdot 22.4 \mathrm{~L}}{[\mathrm{R}] \cdot 273 \mathrm{~K}}$
18) Pressure by Ideal Gas Law
$f x \mathrm{P}_{\text {gas }}=\frac{\mathrm{N}_{\text {moles }} \cdot[\mathrm{R}] \cdot \mathrm{T}_{\text {gas }}}{\mathrm{V}}$
Open Calculator ©
ex $100319.2 \mathrm{~Pa}=\frac{0.99 \cdot[\mathrm{R}] \cdot 273 \mathrm{~K}}{22.4 \mathrm{~L}}$
19) Pressure of Gas given Density by Ideal Gas law
$\mathrm{fx}_{\mathrm{x}}^{\mathrm{P}} \mathrm{gas}=\frac{\rho_{\mathrm{gas}} \cdot[\mathrm{R}] \cdot \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{gas}}}{\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{molar}}}$
Open Calculator
ex $101088.4 \mathrm{~Pa}=\frac{1.96 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L} \cdot[\mathrm{R}] \cdot 273 \mathrm{~K}}{44.01 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}}$
20) Pressure of Gas given Molecular Weight of Gas by Ideal Gas law
$f x \mathrm{P}_{\text {gas }}=\frac{\left(\frac{\mathrm{m}_{\text {gas }}}{\mathrm{M}_{\text {molar }}}\right) \cdot[\mathrm{R}] \cdot \mathrm{T}_{\text {gas }}}{\mathrm{V}}$
ex $101309.5 \mathrm{~Pa}=\frac{\left(\frac{44 \mathrm{~g}}{44.01 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}}\right) \cdot[\mathrm{R}] \cdot 273 \mathrm{~K}}{22.4 \mathrm{~L}}$
21) Temperature of Gas by Ideal Gas Law
$\mathrm{fx}_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{T}_{\text {gas }}=\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\text {gas }} \cdot \mathrm{V}}{\mathrm{N}_{\text {moles }} \cdot[\mathrm{R}]}$
Open Calculator
ex $275.7371 \mathrm{~K}=\frac{101325 \mathrm{~Pa} \cdot 22.4 \mathrm{~L}}{0.99 \cdot[\mathrm{R}]}$
22) Temperature of Gas given Density by Ideal Gas Law
$f \mathrm{fx} \mathrm{T}_{\text {gas }}=\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\text {gas }} \cdot \mathrm{M}_{\text {molar }}}{[\mathrm{R}] \cdot \rho_{\text {gas }}}$
ex $273.6388 \mathrm{~K}=\frac{101325 \mathrm{~Pa} \cdot 44.01 \mathrm{~g}}{[\mathrm{R}] \cdot 1.96 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}}$
23) Temperature of Gas given Molecular Weight of Gas by Ideal Gas law
$f_{\mathbf{x}} \mathrm{T}_{\text {gas }}=\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\text {gas }} \cdot \mathrm{V}}{\left(\frac{\mathrm{m}_{\text {gas }}}{\mathrm{M}_{\text {molar }}}\right) \cdot[\mathrm{R}]}$

## Open Calculator ©

ex $273.0418 \mathrm{~K}=\frac{101325 \mathrm{~Pa} \cdot 22.4 \mathrm{~L}}{\left(\frac{44 \mathrm{~g}}{44.01 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}}\right) \cdot[\mathrm{R}]}$
24) Volume of Gas from Ideal Gas Law
$f \times \mathrm{V}=\frac{\mathrm{N}_{\text {moles }} \cdot[\mathrm{R}] \cdot \mathrm{T}_{\text {gas }}}{\mathrm{P}_{\text {gas }}}$
Open Calculator
ex $22.17764 \mathrm{~L}=\frac{0.99 \cdot[\mathrm{R}] \cdot 273 \mathrm{~K}}{101325 \mathrm{~Pa}}$
25) Volume of Gas given Molecular Weight of Gas by Ideal Gas Law
$\mathrm{fx} \mathrm{V}=\frac{\left(\frac{\mathrm{m}_{\text {gas }}}{\mathrm{M}_{\text {molar }}}\right) \cdot[\mathrm{R}] \cdot \mathrm{T}_{\text {gas }}}{\mathrm{P}_{\text {gas }}}$
$\operatorname{ex} 22.39657 \mathrm{~L}=\frac{\left(\frac{44 \mathrm{~g}}{44.01 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}}\right) \cdot[\mathrm{R}] \cdot 273 \mathrm{~K}}{101325 \mathrm{~Pa}}$

## Variables Used

- $\mathbf{d}_{\mathbf{f}}$ Final Density of Gas (Gram per Liter)
- $\mathbf{d}_{\mathbf{i}}$ Initial Density of Gas (Gram per Liter)
- $\mathbf{m}_{\text {gas }}$ Mass of Gas (Gram)
- $\mathbf{M}_{\text {molar }}$ Molar Mass (Gram Per Mole)
- $\mathbf{N}_{\text {moles }}$ Number of Moles
- $\mathbf{P}_{\text {fin }}$ Final Pressure of Gas (Pascal)
- $\mathbf{P}_{\text {gas }}$ Pressure of Gas (Pascal)
- $\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{i}}$ Initial Pressure of Gas (Pascal)
- $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{1}}$ Initial Temperature of Gas for Ideal Gas (Kelvin)
- $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{2}}$ Final Temperature of Gas for Ideal Gas (Kelvin)
- $\mathbf{T}_{\text {gas }}$ Temperature of Gas (Kelvin)
- V Volume of Gas (Liter)
- $\mathbf{V}_{2}$ Final Volume of Gas for Ideal Gas (Liter)
- $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{i}}$ Initial Volume of Gas (Liter)
- $\boldsymbol{\rho}_{\text {gas }}$ Density of Gas (Gram per Liter)


## Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- Constant: [R], 8.31446261815324 Joule / Kelvin * Mole Universal gas constant
- Measurement: Weight in Gram (g) Weight Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Temperature in Kelvin (K)

Temperature Unit Conversion $\sqrt{ }$

- Measurement: Volume in Liter (L)

Volume Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Pressure in Pascal (Pa)

Pressure Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Density in Gram per Liter (g/L)

Density Unit Conversion $\mathcal{G}$

- Measurement: Molar Mass in Gram Per Mole (g/mol) Molar Mass Unit Conversion


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