



# Moving Loads and Influence Lines for Beams Formulas

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# List of 32 Moving Loads and Influence Lines for Beams Formulas

Moving Loads and Influence Lines for Beams

## Calculation of Deflection C

1) Deflection for Channel or Z Bar when Load in Middle

fx 
$$\delta = rac{\mathrm{Wp}\cdot\left(\mathrm{L}^{3}
ight)}{53\cdot\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{cs}}\cdot\left(\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{b}}^{2}
ight)}$$

ex 
$$31475.28in = rac{1.25kN \cdot ((10.02ft)^3)}{53 \cdot 13m^2 \cdot ((10.01in)^2)}$$

2) Deflection for Channel or Z Bar when Load is Distributed 🕑

$$\delta = \frac{W_{d} \cdot (L^{3})}{85 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot (d_{b}^{2})}$$

$$\text{ex} 15700.76 \text{in} = \frac{1.00001 \text{kN} \cdot ((10.02 \text{ft})^{3})}{85 \cdot 13 \text{m}^{2} \cdot ((10.01 \text{in})^{2})}$$





Open Calculator

Open Calculator

## 3) Deflection for Deck Beam given Load in Middle 🕑

$$\delta = \frac{Wp \cdot (L^3)}{50 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot (d_b^2)}$$

$$\delta = \frac{Wp \cdot (L^3)}{50 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot (d_b^2)}$$
ex  $33363.79in = \frac{1.25kN \cdot ((10.02ft)^3)}{50 \cdot 13m^2 \cdot ((10.01in)^2)}$ 
4) Deflection for Deck Beam when Load is Distributed C
$$\delta = \frac{W_d \cdot (L^3)}{80 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot (d_b^2)}$$

$$\delta = \frac{W_d \cdot (L^3)}{80 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot (d_b^2)}$$

$$\delta = \frac{1.00001kN \cdot ((10.02ft)^3)}{80 \cdot 13m^2 \cdot ((10.01in)^2)}$$
5) Deflection for Even Legged Angle when Load in Middle C
$$\delta = Wp \cdot \frac{L^3}{32 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot d_b^2}$$

$$Open Calculator C$$

ex 
$$52130.92$$
in =  $1.25$ kN  $\cdot \frac{(10.02 \text{ft})^3}{32 \cdot 13$ m<sup>2</sup>  $\cdot (10.01$ in)<sup>2</sup>





## 6) Deflection for Even Legged Angle when Load is Distributed 🕑

$$\delta = \frac{W_{d} \cdot L^{3}}{52 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot d_{b}^{2}}$$

$$\delta = \frac{W_{d} \cdot L^{3}}{52 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot d_{b}^{2}}$$

$$25664.71 \text{in} = \frac{1.00001 \text{kN} \cdot (10.02 \text{ft})^{3}}{52 \cdot 13 \text{m}^{2} \cdot (10.01 \text{in})^{2}}$$
7) Deflection for Hollow Cylinder when Load in Middle  $\checkmark$ 

$$\delta = \frac{Wp \cdot L^{3}}{24 \cdot (A_{cs} \cdot (d_{b}^{2}) - a \cdot (d^{2})))}$$

$$\delta = \frac{1.25 \text{kN} \cdot (10.02 \text{ft})^{3}}{24 \cdot (13 \text{m}^{2} \cdot ((10.01 \text{in})^{2}) - 10 \text{in}^{2} \cdot ((10 \text{in})^{2}))}$$
8) Deflection for Hollow Cylinder when Load is Distributed  $\checkmark$ 

$$\delta = \frac{W_{d} \cdot L^{3}}{38 \cdot (A_{cs} \cdot (d_{b}^{2}) - a \cdot (d^{2}))}$$

$$\delta = \frac{W_{d} \cdot L^{3}}{38 \cdot (A_{cs} \cdot (d_{b}^{2}) - a \cdot (d^{2}))}$$

$$\delta = \frac{1.00001 \text{kN} \cdot (10.02 \text{ft})^{3}}{38 \cdot (13 \text{m}^{2} \cdot ((10.01 \text{in})^{2}) - 10 \text{in}^{2} \cdot ((10 \text{in})^{2}))}$$





9) Deflection for Hollow Rectangle given Load in Middle 🕑

10) Deflection for Hollow Rectangle when Load is Distributed 🕑

fx 
$$\delta = \mathrm{W_d} \cdot rac{\mathrm{L^3}}{52 \cdot \left( \mathrm{A_{cs}} \cdot \mathrm{d_b^{-a}} \cdot \mathrm{d}^2 
ight)}$$

$$igg| 25489.87 \mathrm{in} = 1.00001 \mathrm{kN} \cdot rac{(10.02 \mathrm{ft})^3}{52 \cdot \left(13 \mathrm{m}^2 \cdot (10.01 \mathrm{in})^{-10 \mathrm{in}^2} \cdot (10 \mathrm{in})^2
ight)}$$

11) Deflection for I Beam when Load in Middle 🕑

Open Calculator 🕑

Open Calculator

ex 
$$28761.89in = \frac{1.25kN \cdot ((10.02ft)^3)}{58 \cdot 13m^2 \cdot ((10.01in)^2)}$$

 $\delta = rac{\mathrm{Wp}\cdot\left(\mathrm{L}^{3}
ight)}{58\cdot\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{cs}}\cdot\left(\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{b}}^{2}
ight)}$ 



ex

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# 12) Deflection for I Beam when Load is Distributed 🕑

$$\delta = \frac{W_{d} \cdot (L^{3})}{93 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot (d_{b}^{2})}$$

$$(14350.16in = \frac{1.00001kN \cdot ((10.02ft)^{3})}{93 \cdot 13m^{2} \cdot ((10.01in)^{2})}$$

$$(13) \text{ Deflection for Solid Cylinder when Load in Middle }$$

$$(13) \frac{W_{b} \cdot L_{c}^{3}}{24 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot d_{b}^{2}}$$

$$(12) \frac{W_{b} \cdot L_{c}^{3}}{24 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot d_{b}^{2}}$$

$$(12) \frac{W_{b} \cdot L_{c}^{3}}{24 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot d_{b}^{2}}$$

$$(12) \frac{W_{b} \cdot L_{c}^{3}}{24 \cdot 13m^{2} \cdot (10.01in)^{2}}$$

$$(14) \text{ Deflection for Solid Cylinder when Load is Distributed }$$

$$(14) \text{ Deflection for Solid Cylinder when Load is Distributed }$$

$$\delta = \frac{W_{d} \cdot L_{c}^{3}}{38 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot d_{b}^{2}}$$

$$13127.32in = \frac{1.00001kN \cdot (2.2m)^{3}}{38 \cdot 13m^{2} \cdot (10.01in)^{2}}$$



#### 15) Deflection for Solid Rectangle when Load in Middle 🕑

$$\delta = \frac{Wp \cdot L^3}{32 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot d_b^2}$$

$$\delta = \frac{1.25kN \cdot (10.02ft)^3}{32 \cdot 13m^2 \cdot (10.01in)^2}$$
16) Deflection for Solid Rectangle when Load is Distributed C
$$\delta = \frac{W_d \cdot L^3}{52 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot d_b^2}$$
Open Calculator C
$$\delta = \frac{W_d \cdot L^3}{52 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot d_b^2}$$

ex 25664.71in = 
$$\frac{1.00001 \text{kN} \cdot (10.02 \text{ft})^3}{52 \cdot 13 \text{m}^2 \cdot (10.01 \text{in})^2}$$

### Safe Loads 🕑

### 17) Greatest Safe Load for Channel or Z Bar when Load is at Middle

$$fx Wp = \frac{1525 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot d_b}{L}$$
Open Calculator C
$$ex 1.650435 kN = \frac{1525 \cdot 13m^2 \cdot 10.01in}{10.02ft}$$





18) Greatest Safe Load for Channel or Z Bar when Load is Distributed 🖸 Open Calculator  $\mathrm{W_{d}} = rac{3050 \cdot \mathrm{A_{cs}} \cdot \mathrm{d_{b}}}{\mathrm{L}}$ 10.02ft 19) Greatest Safe Load for Deck Beam when Load in Middle 🕻 Open Calculator  $\mathrm{Wp} = rac{1380 \cdot \mathrm{A_{cs}} \cdot \mathrm{d_b}}{\mathrm{L}}$  $1.493508 \mathrm{kN} = \frac{1380 \cdot 13 \mathrm{m}^2 \cdot 10.01 \mathrm{in}}{1000}$ ex 10.02ft 20) Greatest Safe Load for Deck Beam when Load is Distributed 🕻 Open Calculator  $\mathrm{W_{d}} = rac{2760 \cdot \mathrm{A_{cs}} \cdot \mathrm{d_{b}}}{\mathrm{L}}$ 10.02ft 21) Greatest Safe Load for Even Legged Angle when Load is Distributed  $W_{\rm d} = \frac{1.77 \cdot A_{\rm cs} \cdot d_{\rm b}}{L}$ Open Calculator ex 0.001916kN =  $\frac{1.77 \cdot 13$ m<sup>2</sup> · 10.01in 10.02ft





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# 22) Greatest Safe Load for Even Legged Angle when Load is in Middle C (Open Calculator C (N) $Wp = 885 \cdot A_{cs} \cdot \frac{d_b}{L}$

$$= 0.957793 \text{kN} = 885 \cdot 13 \text{m}^2 \cdot \frac{10.01 \text{in}}{10.02 \text{ft}}$$

23) Greatest Safe Load for Hollow Cylinder when Load in Middle 🕑

fx 
$$Wp = rac{667 \cdot (A_{cs} \cdot d_b - a \cdot d)}{L}$$

Open Calculator 🕑

Open Calculator

$$= \frac{667 \cdot (13 \text{m}^2 \cdot 10.01 \text{in} - 10 \text{in}^2 \cdot 10 \text{in})}{10.02 \text{ft}}$$

24) Greatest Safe Load for Hollow Cylinder when Load is Distributed 🗹

$$\label{eq:Wd} \begin{split} \text{K} & W_d = \frac{1333 \cdot (A_{cs} \cdot d_b - a \cdot d)}{L} \\ \text{Open Calculator Constraints} \\ \text{Open Calculator Constraints}$$

25) Greatest Safe Load for Hollow Rectangle when Load in Middle 🗹

fx
$$Wp = rac{890 \cdot (A_{cs} \cdot d_b - a \cdot d)}{L}$$

ex  $0.962727 \mathrm{kN} = rac{890 \cdot (13 \mathrm{m}^2 \cdot 10.01 \mathrm{in} - 10 \mathrm{in}^2 \cdot 10 \mathrm{in})}{10.02 \mathrm{ft}}$ 





# 26) Greatest Safe Load for Hollow Rectangle when Load is Distributed 🖸 fx $W_{\mathrm{d}} = 1780 \cdot rac{\mathrm{A_{cs}} \cdot \mathrm{d_b} - \mathrm{a} \cdot \mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{L_c}}$ Open Calculator 🕑 ex 2.672964kN = $1780 \cdot \frac{13$ m<sup>2</sup> $\cdot 10.01$ in - 10in<sup>2</sup> $\cdot 10$ in 2.2m 27) Greatest Safe Load for I Beam when Load in Middle 💪 Open Calculator $\mathrm{Wp} = rac{1795 \cdot \mathrm{A_{cs}} \cdot \mathrm{d_b}}{\mathrm{L}}$ ex 1.942643kN = $\frac{1795 \cdot 13$ m<sup>2</sup> · 10.01in 10.02ft 28) Greatest Safe Load for I Beam when Load is Distributed Open Calculator $\mathrm{W_{d}} = rac{3390 \cdot \mathrm{A_{cs}} \cdot \mathrm{d_{b}}}{\mathrm{L}}$ ex 3.668835kN = $\frac{3390 \cdot 13$ m<sup>2</sup> · 10.01in 10.02ft 29) Greatest Safe Load for Solid Cylinder when Load in Middle 🖸 Open Calculator $\mathrm{Wp} = rac{667 \cdot \mathrm{A_{cs}} \cdot \mathrm{d_b}}{\mathrm{L}}$ $0.721862 \mathrm{kN} = rac{667 \cdot 13 \mathrm{m}^2 \cdot 10.01 \mathrm{in}}{1000 \mathrm{km}^2 \cdot 10.01 \mathrm{in}}$ 10.02ft





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 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{ex} \\ 0.963204 \text{kN} = 890 \cdot 13 \text{m}^2 \cdot \frac{10.01 \text{in}}{10.02 \text{ft}} \end{array}$ 

#### 32) Greatest Safe Load for Solid Rectangle when Load is Distributed

fx  $\mathrm{W_d} = 1780 \cdot \mathrm{A_{cs}} \cdot rac{\mathrm{d_b}}{\mathrm{L}}$ 

ex 
$$1.926409 \mathrm{kN} = 1780 \cdot 13 \mathrm{m}^2 \cdot rac{10.01 \mathrm{in}}{10.02 \mathrm{ft}}$$

Open Calculator 🕑





# Variables Used

- **a** Interior Cross-Sectional Area of Beam (Square Inch)
- A<sub>cs</sub> Cross Sectional Area of Beam (Square Meter)
- d Interior Depth of Beam (Inch)
- **d**<sub>b</sub> Depth of Beam (Inch)
- L Length of Beam (Foot)
- L<sub>c</sub> Distance between Supports (Meter)
- W<sub>d</sub> Greatest Safe Distributed Load (Kilonewton)
- Wp Greatest Safe Point Load (Kilonewton)
- δ Deflection of Beam (Inch)



## **Constants, Functions, Measurements used**

- Measurement: Length in Inch (in), Foot (ft), Meter (m) Length Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Area in Square Meter (m<sup>2</sup>), Square Inch (in<sup>2</sup>) Area Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Force in Kilonewton (kN) Force Unit Conversion



# Check other formula lists

 Moving Loads and Influence Lines for Beams Formulas

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