
calculatoratoz.com

unitsconverters.com

## Magnetic Field due to Current Formulas

Widest Coverage of Calculators and Growing - 30,000+ Calculators! Calculate With a Different Unit for Each Variable - In built Unit Conversion! Widest Collection of Measurements and Units - 250+ Measurements!

## Feel free to SHARE this document with your friends!

Please leave your feedback here...

## List of 15 Magnetic Field due to Current Formulas

## Magnetic Field due to Current ©

1) Angle of Dip
$f \mathrm{fx} \delta=\arccos \left(\frac{\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{H}}}{\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{net}}}\right)$
Open Calculator
ex $60^{\circ}=\arccos \left(\frac{0.00002 \mathrm{~Wb} / \mathrm{m}^{2}}{0.00004 \mathrm{~Wb} / \mathrm{m}^{2}}\right)$
2) Current in Moving Coil Galvanometer
$\mathrm{fx}_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{i}=\frac{\mathrm{K}_{\text {spring }} \cdot \theta_{\mathrm{G}}}{\mathrm{n} \cdot \mathrm{A} \cdot \mathrm{B}}$
ex $0.009226 \mathrm{~A}=\frac{51 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot 32^{\circ}}{95 \cdot 13 \mathrm{~m}^{2} \cdot 2.5 \mathrm{~Wb} / \mathrm{m}^{2}}$
3) Electric Current for Tangent Galvanometer
$\mathrm{ff}_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{i}=\mathrm{K} \cdot \tan \left(\theta_{\mathrm{G}}\right)$
Open Calculator
ex $0.124974 \mathrm{~A}=0.2 \mathrm{~A} \cdot \tan \left(32^{\circ}\right)$

## 4) Field Inside Solenoid

$f_{x} B=\underline{\text { [Permeability-vacuum }] \cdot \mathrm{i} \cdot \mathrm{N}}$ L
ex $9.2 \mathrm{E}^{\wedge}-5 \mathrm{~Wb} / \mathrm{m}^{2}=\frac{[\text { Permeability-vacuum }] \cdot 2.2 \mathrm{~A} \cdot 100}{3000 \mathrm{~mm}}$
5) Field of Bar Magnet at Axial position

$$
f \times \mathrm{B}_{\text {axial }}=\frac{2 \cdot[\text { Permeability-vacuum }] \cdot \mathrm{M}}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot \mathrm{a}^{3}}
$$

8) Magnetic Field at Center of Arc
$\mathrm{fx} \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{arc}}=\frac{[\text { Permeability-vacuum }] \cdot \mathrm{i} \cdot \theta}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot \mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{ring}}}$
$\mathrm{ex} 3.2 \mathrm{E}^{\wedge}-7 \mathrm{~Wb} / \mathrm{m}^{2}=\frac{[\text { Permeability-vacuum }] \cdot 2.2 \mathrm{~A} \cdot 0.5^{\circ}}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot 6 \mathrm{~mm}}$
9) Magnetic Field at Center of Ring
$\mathrm{fx} \mathrm{M}_{\text {ring }}=\frac{\text { [Permeability-vacuum }] \cdot \mathrm{i}}{2 \cdot \mathrm{r}_{\text {ring }}}$
Open Calculator

$$
\text { ex } 2.3 \mathrm{E}^{\wedge}-6 \mathrm{~Wb} / \mathrm{m}^{2}=\frac{[\text { Permeability-vacuum }] \cdot 2.2 \mathrm{~A}}{2 \cdot 6 \mathrm{~mm}}
$$

10) Magnetic Field Due to Infinite Straight Wire
$f_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{B}=\frac{[\text { Permeability-vacuum }] \cdot \mathrm{i}}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot \mathrm{~d}}$
ex $1.4 \mathrm{E}^{\wedge}-5 \mathrm{~Wb} / \mathrm{m}^{2}=\frac{\text { [Permeability-vacuum }] \cdot 2.2 \mathrm{~A}}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot 31 \mathrm{~mm}}$
11) Magnetic Field due to Straight Conductor

$$
\mathrm{B}=\frac{[\text { Permeability-vacuum }] \cdot \mathrm{i}}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot \mathrm{~d}} \cdot\left(\cos \left(\theta_{1}\right)-\cos \left(\theta_{2}\right)\right)
$$

## ex

$$
1.5 \mathrm{E}^{\wedge}-6 \mathrm{~Wb} / \mathrm{m}^{2}=\frac{[\text { Permeability-vacuum }] \cdot 2.2 \mathrm{~A}}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot 31 \mathrm{~mm}} \cdot\left(\cos \left(45^{\circ}\right)-\cos \left(60^{\circ}\right)\right)
$$

12) Magnetic Field for Tangent Galvanometer
$f \times \mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{H}}=\frac{[\text { Permeability-vacuum }] \cdot \mathrm{n} \cdot \mathrm{i}}{2 \cdot \mathrm{r}_{\text {ring }} \cdot \tan \left(\theta_{\mathrm{G}}\right)}$
Open Calculator ©
ex $0.035026 \mathrm{~Wb} / \mathrm{m}^{2}=\frac{[\text { Permeability-vacuum }] \cdot 95 \cdot 2.2 \mathrm{~A}}{2 \cdot 6 \mathrm{~mm} \cdot \tan \left(32^{\circ}\right)}$
13) Magnetic Field on Axis of Ring
$f \times B=\frac{[\text { Permeability-vacuum }] \cdot i \cdot r_{\text {ring }}^{2}}{2 \cdot\left(r_{\text {ring }}^{2}+d^{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
$\mathrm{ex} 1.6 \mathrm{E}^{\wedge}-6 \mathrm{~Wb} / \mathrm{m}^{2}=\frac{[\text { Permeability-vacuum }] \cdot 2.2 \mathrm{~A} \cdot(6 \mathrm{~mm})^{2}}{2 \cdot\left((6 \mathrm{~mm})^{2}+(31 \mathrm{~mm})^{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
14) Magnetic Permeability
$\mathrm{fx} \mu=\frac{\mathrm{B}}{\mathrm{H}}$

$$
\text { ex } 5.555556 \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{m}=\frac{2.5 \mathrm{~Wb} / \mathrm{m}^{2}}{0.45 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m}}
$$

15) Time Period of Magnetometer $\leftrightarrows$
$f \mathrm{fx}=2 \cdot \pi \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\mathrm{I}}{\mathrm{M} \cdot \mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{H}}}}$
ex $157.0796 \mathrm{~s}=2 \cdot \pi \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1.125 \mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}}{90 \mathrm{~Wb} / \mathrm{m}^{2} \cdot 0.00002 \mathrm{~Wb} / \mathrm{m}^{2}}}$

## Variables Used

- a Distance from Center to Point (Millimeter)
- A Cross-Sectional Area (Square Meter)
- B Magnetic Field (Weber per Square Meter)
- Baxial Field at Axial Position of Bar Magnet (Weber per Square Meter)
- Bequitorial Field at Equitorial Position of Bar Magnet (Weber per Square Meter)
- $\mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{H}}$ Horizontal Component of Earth's Magnetic Field (Weber per Square Meter)
- Bnet Net Earth's Magnetic Field (Weber per Square Meter)
- d Perpendicular Distance (Millimeter)
- $F_{l}$ Magnetic Force per Unit Length (Newton per Meter)
- H Magnetic Field Intensity (Ampere per Meter)
- i Electric Current (Ampere)
- I Moment of Inertia (Kilogram Square Meter)
- $\mathbf{I}_{1}$ Electric Current in Conductor 1 (Ampere)
- $\mathbf{I}_{2}$ Electric Current in Conductor 2 (Ampere)
- K Reduction Factor of Tangent Galvanometer (Ampere)
- K ${ }_{\text {spring }}$ Spring Constant (Newton per Meter)
- L Length of Solonoid (Millimeter)
- M Magnetic Moment (Weber per Square Meter)
- Marc Field at Center of Arc (Weber per Square Meter)
- M ring Field at Center of Ring (Weber per Square Meter)
- $\mathbf{n}$ Number of Turns of Coil
- $\mathbf{N}$ Number of Turns
- $\mathbf{r}_{\text {ring }}$ Radius of Ring (Millimeter)
- T Time Period of Magnetometer (Second)
- $\bar{\delta}$ Angle of Dip (Degree)
- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ Angle Obtained by Arc at Center (Degree)
- $\boldsymbol{\theta}_{1}$ Theta 1 (Degree)
- $\boldsymbol{\theta}_{2}$ Theta 2 (Degree)
- $\boldsymbol{\theta}_{\mathrm{G}}$ Angle of Deflection of Galvanometer (Degree)
- $\boldsymbol{\mu}$ Magnetic Permeability of Medium (Henry per Meter)


## Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- Constant: pi, 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288 Archimedes' constant
- Constant: [Permeability-vacuum], 4 * Pi * 1E-7 Henry / Meter Permeability of vacuum
- Function: arccos, arccos(Number) Inverse trigonometric cosine function
- Function: cos, cos(Angle)

Trigonometric cosine function

- Function: sqrt, sqrt(Number)

Square root function

- Function: tan, tan(Angle)

Trigonometric tangent function

- Measurement: Length in Millimeter (mm)

Length Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Time in Second (s)

Time Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Electric Current in Ampere (A)

Electric Current Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Area in Square Meter ( $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ )

Area Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Angle in Degree ( ${ }^{\circ}$ )

Angle Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Magnetic Field Strength in Ampere per Meter (A/m) Magnetic Field Strength Unit Conversion $\sqrt{ }$
- Measurement: Magnetic Field in Weber per Square Meter (Wb/m²) Magnetic Field Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Surface Tension in Newton per Meter (N/m) Surface Tension Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Moment of Inertia in Kilogram Square Meter $\left(\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ Moment of Inertia Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Magnetic Permeability in Henry per Meter (H/m) Magnetic Permeability Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Stiffness Constant in Newton per Meter (N/m) Stiffness Constant Unit Conversion


## Check other formula lists

- Capacitor Formulas
- Electromagnetic Induction Formulas
- Electrostatics Formulas
- Magnetic Field due to Current Formulas

Feel free to SHARE this document with your friends!

## PDF Available in

English Spanish French German Russian Italian Portuguese Polish Dutch
Please leave your feedback here...

