## Rates for Axle Suspension in Race Car Formulas

Widest Coverage of Calculators and Growing - 30,000+ Calculators! Calculate With a Different Unit for Each Variable - In built Unit Conversion!

Widest Collection of Measurements and Units - 250+ Measurements!

Feel free to SHARE this document with your friends!

Please leave your feedback here...

## List of 10 Rates for Axle Suspension in Race Car Formulas

## Rates for Axle Suspension in Race Car ©

1) Rear Track Width given Roll Rate
$f \mathbf{x} \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=\sqrt{\frac{\mathrm{K}_{\Phi} \cdot \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{W}} \cdot \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}}^{2}}{\left(\mathrm{~K}_{\mathrm{W}} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}}^{2}}{2}-\mathrm{K}_{\Phi}\right) \cdot \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{t}}}}$
$\operatorname{ex} 0.484635 \mathrm{~m}=\sqrt{\frac{11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad} \cdot 42419.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot(0.9 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{\left(42419.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(0.9 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}-11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}\right) \cdot 321300 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}}}$
2) Rear Track Width given Roll Rate of Suspension with Anti-Roll Bar
$\boldsymbol{f x}_{\mathrm{t}}^{\mathrm{t}}=\sqrt{2 \cdot \frac{\mathrm{~K}_{\Phi} \cdot\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{arb}}+\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{W}} \cdot \frac{\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}}\right)^{2}}{2}\right)}{\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{arb}}+\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{W}} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}}^{2}}{2}-\mathrm{K}_{\Phi}\right) \cdot \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{t}}}}$
$0.397566 \mathrm{~m}=\sqrt{2 \cdot \frac{11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad} \cdot\left(4881.6 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}+42419.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(0.9 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}\right)}{\left(4881.6 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}+42419.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(0.9 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}-11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}\right) \cdot 321300 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}}}$
3) Roll Rate
$f \times K_{\Phi}=\frac{K_{t} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}^{2}}{2} \cdot K_{W} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{s}}^{2}}{2}}{K_{\mathrm{t}} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}^{2}}{2}+K_{W} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{s}}^{2}}{2}}$
ex $16400.52 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}=\frac{321300 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(1.5 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2} \cdot 42419.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(0.9 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}}{321300 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(1.5 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}+42419.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(0.9 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}}$
4) Roll Rate with Anti-Roll Bar
$f \times K_{\Phi}=\frac{K_{\mathrm{t}} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}^{2}}{2}+\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{arb}}+\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{W}} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}}^{2}}{2}}{\mathrm{~K}^{2}}$
ex $20792.56 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}=\frac{321300 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(1.5 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2} \cdot\left(4881.6 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}+42419.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(0.9 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}\right)}{321300 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(1.5 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}+4881.6 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}+42419.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(0.9 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}}$

## 5) Spring Track Width given Roll Rate

$f \mathbf{x} \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{s}}=\sqrt{\frac{\mathrm{K}_{\Phi} \cdot \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{t}} \cdot \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}^{2}}{\left(\mathrm{~K}_{\mathrm{t}} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}^{2}}{2}-\mathrm{K}_{\Phi}\right) \cdot \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{W}}}}$

$$
-
$$

ex $0.758532 \mathrm{~m}=\sqrt{\frac{11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad} \cdot 321300 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot(1.5 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{\left(321300 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(1.5 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}-11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}\right) \cdot 42419.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}}}$
6) Spring Track Width given Roll Rate of Suspension with Anti-Roll Bar

ex $0.587549 \mathrm{~m}=$
$\sqrt{2 \cdot\left(\frac{\frac{11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad} \cdot 321300 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(1.5 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}}{\left(321300 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(1.5 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}-11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}\right)}-4881.6 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}}{42419.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}}\right)}$
7) Tyre Rate given Roll Rate 〔
$f_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{t}}=\frac{\mathrm{K}_{\Phi} \cdot\left(\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{W}} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}}^{2}}{2}\right)}{\left(\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{W}} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}}^{2}}{2}-\mathrm{K}_{\Phi}\right) \cdot \frac{\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}^{2}}{2}}$
ex $33539.54 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}=\frac{11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad} \cdot\left(42419.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(0.9 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}\right)}{\left(42419.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(0.9 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}-11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}\right) \cdot \frac{(1.5 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}}$
8) Tyre Rate given Roll Rate of Suspension with Anti-Roll Bar
$f_{x} K_{t}=\frac{K_{\Phi} \cdot\left(R_{a r b}+K_{W} \cdot \frac{T_{s}^{2}}{2}\right)}{\left(R_{\text {arb }}+K_{W} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{s}}^{2}}{2}-K_{\Phi}\right) \cdot \frac{\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}^{2}}{2}}$
Open Calculator
$22570.78 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}=\frac{11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad} \cdot\left(4881.6 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}+42419.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(0.9 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}\right)}{\left(4881.6 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}+42419.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(0.9 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}-11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}\right) \cdot \frac{(1.5 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}}$
9) Vertical Tyre Axle Rate given Roll Rate
$\mathrm{fx} \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{W}}=\frac{\mathrm{K}_{\Phi} \cdot \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{t}} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}^{2}}{2}}{\mathrm{~K}_{\mathrm{t}} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}^{2}}{2}-\mathrm{K}_{\Phi} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}}^{2}}{2}}$
ex $11963.24 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}=\frac{11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad} \cdot 321300 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(1.5 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}}{321300 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(1.5 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}-11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad} \cdot \frac{(0.9 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}}$
10) Vertical Tyre Axle Rate given Roll Rate of Suspension with Anti-Roll Bar
$f \mathbf{f x} K_{W}=\frac{\frac{K_{\Phi} \cdot K_{\mathrm{t}} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}^{2}}{2}}{\mathrm{~K}_{\mathrm{t}} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}^{2}}{2}-\mathrm{K}_{\Phi}}-R_{\mathrm{arb}}}{\frac{\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}}^{2}}{2}}$
ex $18078.9 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}=\frac{\frac{11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad} \cdot 321300 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(1.5 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}}{321300 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{(1.5 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}-11805 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}}-4881.6 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{rad}}{\frac{(0.9 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{2}}$

## Variables Used

- $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{t}}$ Tyre Vertical Rate (Newton per Meter)
- $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{W}}$ Wheel Centre Rate (Newton per Meter)
- $\mathbf{K}_{\Phi}$ Roll Rate (Newton Meter per Radian)
- $\mathbf{R a r b}_{\text {arb }}$ Roll Rate of Anti-Roll Bar (Newton Meter per Radian)
- $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{R}}$ Rear Track Width (Meter)
- $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{S}}$ Spring Track Width (Meter)


## Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- Function: sqrt, sqrt(Number)

Square root function

- Measurement: Length in Meter (m)

Length Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Surface Tension in Newton per Meter (N/m)

Surface Tension Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Torsion Constant in Newton Meter per Radian (Nm/rad) Torsion Constant Unit Conversion U


## Check other formula lists

- Rates for Axle Suspension in Race Car Formulas
- Ride Rate and Ride Frequency for Race Cars Formulas $\sqrt{ }$
- Vehicle Cornering in Race Cars Formulas $\mathbb{S}$
- Weight Transfer during Braking Formulas
- Wheel Centre Rates for Independent Suspension Formulas

Feel free to SHARE this document with your friends!

## PDF Available in

English Spanish French German Russian Italian Portuguese Polish Dutch

