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Hydrostatic Fluid Formulas

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List of 20 Hydrostatic Fluid Formulas

Hydrostatic Fluid ↗

1) Buoyancy Force ↗

$$fx F_b = Y \cdot V_o$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $529740N = 9.81kN/m^3 \cdot 54m^3$

2) Center of Buancy ↗

$$fx B = \left(\frac{I}{V_o} \right) - M$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $-16.971227 = \left(\frac{1.125kg \cdot m^2}{54m^3} \right) - 16.99206$

3) Center of Gravity ↗

$$fx G = \frac{I}{V_o \cdot (B + M)}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $0.021 = \frac{1.125kg \cdot m^2}{54m^3 \cdot (-16 + 16.99206)}$

4) Distance between Buancy Point and Center of Gravity given Metacenter Height ↗

$$fx B_g = \frac{I_w}{V_d} - G_m$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $1455.714mm = \frac{100kg \cdot m^2}{56m^3} - 330mm$

5) Experimental Determination of Metacentric height ↗

$$fx G_m = \frac{W' \cdot x}{(W' + W) \cdot \tan(\Theta)}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $330.2655mm = \frac{43.5kg \cdot 38400mm}{(43.5kg + 25500kg) \cdot \tan(11.2^\circ)}$



6) Fluid Dynamic or Shear Viscosity Formula ↗

$$\text{fx } \mu = \frac{F_a \cdot r}{A \cdot P_s}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$\text{ex } 37.5P = \frac{2500N \cdot 1200mm}{50m^2 \cdot 16m/s}$$

7) Force Acting in x Direction in Momentum Equation ↗

$$\text{fx } F_x = \rho_l \cdot Q \cdot (V_1 - V_2 \cdot \cos(\theta)) + P_1 \cdot A_1 - (P_2 \cdot A_2 \cdot \cos(\theta))$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)**ex**

$$1121.539N = 4\text{kg/m}^3 \cdot 1.1\text{m}^3/\text{s} \cdot (20\text{m/s} - 12\text{m/s} \cdot \cos(30^\circ)) + 122\text{Pa} \cdot 14\text{m}^2 - (121\text{Pa} \cdot 6\text{m}^2 \cdot \cos(30^\circ))$$

8) Force Acting in y-Direction in Momentum Equation ↗

$$\text{fx } F_y = \rho_l \cdot Q \cdot (-V_2 \cdot \sin(\theta) - P_2 \cdot A_2 \cdot \sin(\theta))$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$\text{ex } -1623.6N = 4\text{kg/m}^3 \cdot 1.1\text{m}^3/\text{s} \cdot (-12\text{m/s} \cdot \sin(30^\circ) - 121\text{Pa} \cdot 6\text{m}^2 \cdot \sin(30^\circ))$$

9) Metacenter ↗

$$\text{fx } M = \frac{I}{V_o \cdot G} - B$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$\text{ex } 16.99206 = \frac{1.125\text{kg}\cdot\text{m}^2}{54\text{m}^3 \cdot 0.021} - 16$$

10) Metacentric Height ↗

$$\text{fx } G_m = B_m - B_g$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$\text{ex } 330\text{mm} = 1785\text{mm} - 1455\text{mm}$$

11) Metacentric Height given Moment of Inertia ↗

$$\text{fx } G_m = \frac{I_w}{V_d} - B_g$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$\text{ex } 330.7143\text{mm} = \frac{100\text{kg}\cdot\text{m}^2}{56\text{m}^3} - 1455\text{mm}$$



12) Moment of Inertia of Waterline Area using Metacentric Height ↗

$$fx \quad I_w = (G_m + B_g) \cdot V_d$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 99.96 \text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2 = (330\text{mm} + 1455\text{mm}) \cdot 56\text{m}^3$$

13) Pressure in Bubble ↗

$$fx \quad P = \frac{8 \cdot \sigma}{d_b}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 7.213115 \text{Pa} = \frac{8 \cdot 55 \text{N/m}}{61000 \text{mm}}$$

14) Radius of Gyration given Time Period of Rolling ↗

$$fx \quad K_g = \sqrt{[g] \cdot G_m \cdot \left(\frac{T}{2} \cdot \pi \right)^2}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 29388.03 \text{mm} = \sqrt{[g] \cdot 330 \text{mm} \cdot \left(\frac{10.4 \text{s}}{2} \cdot \pi \right)^2}$$

15) Surface Area given Surface Tension ↗

$$fx \quad A_s = \frac{E}{\sigma}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 18.18182 \text{m}^2 = \frac{1000 \text{J}}{55 \text{N/m}}$$

16) Surface Energy given Surface Tension ↗

$$fx \quad E = \sigma \cdot A_s$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 1000.45 \text{J} = 55 \text{N/m} \cdot 18.19 \text{m}^2$$

17) Surface Tension given Surface Energy and Area ↗

$$fx \quad \sigma = \frac{E}{A_s}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 54.97526 \text{N/m} = \frac{1000 \text{J}}{18.19 \text{m}^2}$$



18) Theoretical Velocity for Pitot Tube [Open Calculator !\[\]\(bd1a142de767a21e5362c595f844a4ff_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{fx } V_{\text{th}} = \sqrt{2 \cdot [g] \cdot h_d}$$

$$\text{ex } 1.129099 \text{m/s} = \sqrt{2 \cdot [g] \cdot 65 \text{mm}}$$

19) Volume of Liquid Displaced given Metacentric Height [Open Calculator !\[\]\(830769b31eeeaca920791081939ff8ba_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{fx } V_d = \frac{I_w}{G_m + B_g}$$

$$\text{ex } 56.02241 \text{m}^3 = \frac{100 \text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2}{330 \text{mm} + 1455 \text{mm}}$$

20) Volume of Submerged Object given Buoyancy Force [Open Calculator !\[\]\(47734e4656765d20df4fdbd5b7aff048_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{fx } V_o = \frac{F_b}{Y}$$

$$\text{ex } 54 \text{m}^3 = \frac{529740 \text{N}}{9.81 \text{kN/m}^3}$$



Variables Used

- **A** Area of Solid Plates (Square Meter)
- **A₁** Cross Sectional Area at Point 1 (Square Meter)
- **A₂** Cross Sectional Area at Point 2 (Square Meter)
- **A_s** Surface Area (Square Meter)
- **B** Centre of Buoyancy
- **B_g** Distance Between Point B And G (Millimeter)
- **B_m** Distance Between Point B And M (Millimeter)
- **d_b** Diameter of Bubble (Millimeter)
- **E** Surface Energy (Joule)
- **F_a** Applied Force (Newton)
- **F_b** Buoyancy Force (Newton)
- **F_x** Force in X Direction (Newton)
- **F_y** Force in Y Direction (Newton)
- **G** Centre of Gravity
- **G_m** Metacentric Height (Millimeter)
- **h_d** Dynamic Pressure Head (Millimeter)
- **I** Moment of Inertia (Kilogram Square Meter)
- **I_w** Moment of Inertia of Waterline Area (Kilogram Square Meter)
- **K_g** Radius of Gyration (Millimeter)
- **M** Metacenter
- **P** Pressure (Pascal)
- **P₁** Pressure at Section 1 (Pascal)
- **P₂** Pressure at Section 2 (Pascal)
- **P_s** Peripheral Speed (Meter per Second)
- **Q** Discharge (Cubic Meter per Second)
- **r** Distance Between Two Masses (Millimeter)
- **T** Time Period of Rolling (Second)
- **V₁** Velocity at Section 1-1 (Meter per Second)
- **V₂** Velocity at Section 2-2 (Meter per Second)
- **V_d** Volume of Liquid Displaced By Body (Cubic Meter)
- **V_o** Volume of Object (Cubic Meter)
- **V_{th}** Theoretical Velocity (Meter per Second)



- **W** Ship Weight (*Kilogram*)
- **W'** Movable Weight on Ship (*Kilogram*)
- **X** Transverse Displacement (*Millimeter*)
- **Y** Specific Weight of Liquid (*Kilonewton per Cubic Meter*)
- **θ** Theta (*Degree*)
- **Θ** Angle of Tilt (*Degree*)
- **μ** Dynamic Viscosity (*Poise*)
- **ρ_l** Density of Liquid (*Kilogram per Cubic Meter*)
- **σ** Surface Tension (*Newton per Meter*)



Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- **Constant:** **pi**, 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
Archimedes' constant
- **Constant:** **[g]**, 9.80665
Gravitational acceleration on Earth
- **Function:** **cos**, cos(Angle)
Cosine of an angle is the ratio of the side adjacent to the angle to the hypotenuse of the triangle.
- **Function:** **sin**, sin(Angle)
Sine is a trigonometric function that describes the ratio of the length of the opposite side of a right triangle to the length of the hypotenuse.
- **Function:** **sqrt**, sqrt(Number)
A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.
- **Function:** **tan**, tan(Angle)
The tangent of an angle is a trigonometric ratio of the length of the side opposite an angle to the length of the side adjacent to an angle in a right triangle.
- **Measurement:** **Length** in Millimeter (mm)
Length Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Weight** in Kilogram (kg)
Weight Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Time** in Second (s)
Time Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Volume** in Cubic Meter (m^3)
Volume Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Area** in Square Meter (m^2)
Area Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Pressure** in Pascal (Pa)
Pressure Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Speed** in Meter per Second (m/s)
Speed Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Energy** in Joule (J)
Energy Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Force** in Newton (N)
Force Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Angle** in Degree ($^\circ$)
Angle Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Volumetric Flow Rate** in Cubic Meter per Second (m^3/s)
Volumetric Flow Rate Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Surface Tension** in Newton per Meter (N/m)
Surface Tension Unit Conversion 



- **Measurement:** **Dynamic Viscosity** in Poise (P)
Dynamic Viscosity Unit Conversion ↗
- **Measurement:** **Density** in Kilogram per Cubic Meter (kg/m³)
Density Unit Conversion ↗
- **Measurement:** **Moment of Inertia** in Kilogram Square Meter (kg·m²)
Moment of Inertia Unit Conversion ↗
- **Measurement:** **Specific Weight** in Kilonewton per Cubic Meter (kN/m³)
Specific Weight Unit Conversion ↗



Check other formula lists

- [Fluid Force Formulas](#) ↗
- [Fluid in Motion Formulas](#) ↗
- [Hydrostatic Fluid Formulas](#) ↗
- [Liquid Jet Formulas](#) ↗
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