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# Basics of Heat Transfer Formulas

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# List of 17 Basics of Heat Transfer Formulas

## Basics of Heat Transfer ↗

### 1) Colburn Factor using Chilton Colburn Analogy ↗

$$fx \quad j_H = \frac{Nu}{(Re) \cdot (Pr)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 0.004541 = \frac{12.6}{(3125) \cdot (0.7)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

### 2) Colburn J-Factor given Fanning Friction Factor ↗

$$fx \quad j_H = \frac{f}{2}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 0.0045 = \frac{0.009}{2}$$

### 3) Equivalent Diameter of Non-Circular Duct ↗

$$fx \quad D_e = \frac{4 \cdot A_{cs}}{P}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 1.25m = \frac{4 \cdot 25m^2}{80m}$$



## 4) Equivalent Diameter when Flow in Rectangular Duct

**fx**  $D_e = \frac{4 \cdot L \cdot B}{2 \cdot (L + B)}$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(cbe80b694ebd74fcfe136a095b608235\_img.jpg\)](#)

**ex**  $1.221429m = \frac{4 \cdot 1.9m \cdot 0.9m}{2 \cdot (1.9m + 0.9m)}$

## 5) Fanning Friction Factor given Colburn J-Factor

**fx**  $f = 2 \cdot j_H$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(3e2231b1ad3ca8da8658228c00dd08e0\_img.jpg\)](#)

**ex**  $0.0092 = 2 \cdot 0.0046$

## 6) Heat Transfer Coefficient based on Temperature Difference

**fx**  $h_{ht} = \frac{q}{\Delta T_{Overall}}$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(0d5ec72f61334709c3fc9450209b754f\_img.jpg\)](#)

**ex**  $0.312727W/m^2*K = \frac{17.2W/m^2}{55K}$

## 7) Heat Transfer Coefficient given Local Heat Transfer Resistance of Air Film

**fx**  $h_{ht} = \frac{1}{(A) \cdot HT_{Resistance}}$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(b64b40baaee5acddc1eab8538ba84754\_img.jpg\)](#)

**ex**  $1.500375W/m^2*K = \frac{1}{(0.05m^2) \cdot 13.33K/W}$



**8) Heat Transfer from Stream of Gas flowing in Turbulent Motion** ↗

$$fx \quad h_{ht} = \frac{16.6 \cdot c_p \cdot (G)^{0.8}}{D^{0.2}}$$

**Open Calculator** ↗

$$ex \quad 2.930745 \text{W/m}^2\text{K} = \frac{16.6 \cdot 0.0002 \text{kcal(IT)/kg} \cdot (0.1 \text{kg/s/m}^2)^{0.8}}{(0.24 \text{m})^{0.2}}$$

**9) Hydraulic Radius** ↗

$$fx \quad r_H = \frac{A_{cs}}{P}$$

**Open Calculator** ↗

$$ex \quad 0.3125 \text{m} = \frac{25 \text{m}^2}{80 \text{m}}$$

**10) Internal Diameter of Pipe given Heat Transfer Coefficient for Gas in Turbulent Motion** ↗

$$fx \quad D = \left( \frac{16.6 \cdot c_p \cdot (G)^{0.8}}{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{0.2}}$$

**Open Calculator** ↗

$$ex \quad 0.249748 \text{m} = \left( \frac{16.6 \cdot 0.0002 \text{kcal(IT)/kg} \cdot (0.1 \text{kg/s/m}^2)^{0.8}}{2.5 \text{kcal(IT)/h} \cdot (0.1 \text{kg/s/m}^2)^{0.2}} \right)^{\frac{1}{0.2}}$$



**11) J-Factor for Pipe Flow** ↗

$$fx \quad j_H = 0.023 \cdot (Re)^{-0.2}$$

**Open Calculator** ↗

$$ex \quad 0.0046 = 0.023 \cdot (3125)^{-0.2}$$

**12) Local Heat Transfer Resistance of Air-Film** ↗

$$fx \quad HT_{Resistance} = \frac{1}{h_{ht} \cdot A}$$

**Open Calculator** ↗

$$ex \quad 13.33333K/W = \frac{1}{1.5W/m^2*K \cdot 0.05m^2}$$

**13) Log Mean Temperature Difference for CoCurrent Flow** ↗

$$fx \quad LMTD = \frac{(T_{ho} - T_{co}) - (T_{hi} - T_{ci})}{\ln\left(\frac{T_{ho}-T_{co}}{T_{hi}-T_{ci}}\right)}$$

**Open Calculator** ↗

$$ex \quad 18.20478K = \frac{(20K - 10K) - (35K - 5K)}{\ln\left(\frac{20K-10K}{35K-5K}\right)}$$

**14) Log Mean Temperature Difference for Counter Current Flow** ↗

$$fx \quad LMTD = \frac{(T_{ho} - T_{ci}) - (T_{hi} - T_{co})}{\ln\left(\frac{T_{ho}-T_{ci}}{T_{hi}-T_{co}}\right)}$$

**Open Calculator** ↗

$$ex \quad 19.57615K = \frac{(20K - 5K) - (35K - 10K)}{\ln\left(\frac{20K-5K}{35K-10K}\right)}$$



**15) Logarithmic Mean Area of Cylinder** ↗

**fx**

$$A_{\text{mean}} = \frac{A_o - A_i}{\ln\left(\frac{A_o}{A_i}\right)}$$

**Open Calculator** ↗

**ex**

$$9.865214 \text{ m}^2 = \frac{12 \text{ m}^2 - 8 \text{ m}^2}{\ln\left(\frac{12 \text{ m}^2}{8 \text{ m}^2}\right)}$$

**16) Reynolds Number given Colburn Factor** ↗

**fx**

$$Re = \left( \frac{j_H}{0.023} \right)^{\frac{-1}{0.2}}$$

**Open Calculator** ↗

**ex**

$$3125 = \left( \frac{0.0046}{0.023} \right)^{\frac{-1}{0.2}}$$

**17) Wetted Perimeter given Hydraulic Radius** ↗

**fx**

$$P = \frac{A_{cs}}{r_H}$$

**Open Calculator** ↗

**ex**

$$80.64516 \text{ m} = \frac{25 \text{ m}^2}{0.31 \text{ m}}$$



# Variables Used

- **A** Area (Square Meter)
- **A<sub>cs</sub>** Cross Sectional Area of Flow (Square Meter)
- **A<sub>i</sub>** Inner Area of Cylinder (Square Meter)
- **A<sub>mean</sub>** Logarithmic Mean Area (Square Meter)
- **A<sub>o</sub>** Outer Area of Cylinder (Square Meter)
- **B** Breadth of Rectangle (Meter)
- **c<sub>p</sub>** Specific Heat Capacity (Kilocalorie (IT) per Kilogram per Celcius)
- **D** Internal Diameter of Pipe (Meter)
- **D<sub>e</sub>** Equivalent Diameter (Meter)
- **f** Fanning Friction Factor
- **G** Mass Velocity (Kilogram per Second per Square Meter)
- **h** Heat Transfer Coefficient for Gas (Kilocalorie (IT) per Hour per Square Meter per Celcius)
- **h<sub>ht</sub>** Heat Transfer Coefficient (Watt per Square Meter per Kelvin)
- **HT<sub>Resistance</sub>** Local Heat Transfer Resistance (Kelvin per Watt)
- **j<sub>H</sub>** Colburn's j-factor
- **L** Length of Rectangular Section (Meter)
- **LMTD** Log Mean Temperature Difference (Kelvin)
- **Nu** Nusselt Number
- **P** Wetted Perimeter (Meter)
- **Pr** Prandtl Number
- **q** Heat Transfer (Watt per Square Meter)



- $r_H$  Hydraulic Radius (Meter)
- $Re$  Reynolds Number
- $T_{ci}$  Inlet Temperature of Cold Fluid (Kelvin)
- $T_{co}$  Outlet Temperature of Cold Fluid (Kelvin)
- $T_{hi}$  Inlet Temperature of Hot Fluid (Kelvin)
- $T_{ho}$  Outlet Temperature of Hot Fluid (Kelvin)
- $\Delta T_{Overall}$  Overall Temperature Difference (Kelvin)



# Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- **Function:** **In**, In(Number)

*Natural logarithm function (base e)*

- **Measurement:** **Length** in Meter (m)

*Length Unit Conversion* 

- **Measurement:** **Temperature** in Kelvin (K)

*Temperature Unit Conversion* 

- **Measurement:** **Area** in Square Meter (m<sup>2</sup>)

*Area Unit Conversion* 

- **Measurement:** **Thermal Resistance** in Kelvin per Watt (K/W)

*Thermal Resistance Unit Conversion* 

- **Measurement:** **Specific Heat Capacity** in Kilocalorie (IT) per Kilogram per Celcius (kcal(IT)/kg\*°C)

*Specific Heat Capacity Unit Conversion* 

- **Measurement:** **Heat Flux Density** in Watt per Square Meter (W/m<sup>2</sup>)

*Heat Flux Density Unit Conversion* 

- **Measurement:** **Heat Transfer Coefficient** in Watt per Square Meter per Kelvin (W/m<sup>2</sup>\*K), Kilocalorie (IT) per Hour per Square Meter per Celcius (kcal(IT)/h\*m<sup>2</sup>\*°C)

*Heat Transfer Coefficient Unit Conversion* 

- **Measurement:** **Mass Velocity** in Kilogram per Second per Square Meter (kg/s/m<sup>2</sup>)

*Mass Velocity Unit Conversion* 



## Check other formula lists

- Basics of Heat Transfer Formulas 
- Co-Relation of Dimensionless Numbers Formulas 
- Critical Thickness of Insulation Formulas 
- Effectiveness of Heat Exchanger Formulas 
- Heat Exchanger Formulas 
- Heat Exchanger and its Effectiveness Formulas 
- Heat Transfer from Extended Surfaces (Fins) Formulas 
- Heat Transfer from Extended Surfaces (Fins), Critical Thickness of Insulation and Thermal Resistance Formulas 
- Thermal Resistance Formulas 
- Unsteady State Heat Conduction Formulas 

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